City of Republic, Missouri

Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2023



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Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Republic Republic, Missouri

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Republic, Missouri, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Republic, Missouri, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Republic and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison, and pension information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic

financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 14, 2024, on our consideration of the City of Republic, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Republic, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPM CPAs, PC

Springfield, Missouri

KPM CPAS, PC

May 14, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the City of Republic's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$14,836,958 for the year as a result of current year activities. The net position of the City's business-type activities increased by \$20,712,929 for the year.

The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of December 31, 2023, by \$115.3 million (net position). Of this amount \$33.9 million was unrestricted and may be used to meet future obligations of the City.

Non-pension-related long-term liabilities of the City increased by \$9,145,584. This is mainly due to the issuance of the Series 2023 bonds and the MTFC Loan. The City's net pension liability increased by \$735,413.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net position and changes in it. The City's net position — the difference between assets, net deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities — is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities: Most of the City's basic services are reported here. Taxes are the primary source of financing for these activities.

Business-Type Activities: The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer services are provided here.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's funds and not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes and grants.

Governmental Funds: Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and the governmental funds are shown in reconciliations following the fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds: When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position

The following table presents the condensed Statement of Net Position for the City as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total December 31, 2023	Total December 31, 2022
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 28,829,055	\$ 46,896,780	\$ 75,725,835	\$ 67,249,165
Capital assets	53,965,269	61,372,088	115,337,357	75,590,446
	82,794,324	108,268,868	191,063,192	142,839,611
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,485,530	366,436	1,851,966	1,230,843
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	2,672,444	7,601,835	10,274,279	6,455,217
Long-term liabilities	15,338,563	47,556,857	62,895,420	53,749,836
Net pension liability	2,354,723	629,396	2,984,119	2,248,706
	20,365,730	55,788,088	76,153,818	62,453,759
Deferred Inflows of Resources	279,670	1,219,849	1,499,519	1,904,761
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	44,768,553	36,588,143	81,356,696	58,297,014
Restricted	-	-	-	121,095
Unrestricted	18,865,901	15,039,224	33,905,125	21,293,825
	\$ 63,634,454	\$ 51,627,367	\$ 115,261,821	\$ 79,711,934

Total net position of the City increased by \$35,549,887 for the year due to current year activity. Total liabilities for the City have increased by \$13,700,059. The change in total liabilities is due a large increase in accounts payable due to the timing of the payment of invoices for large construction projects, the issuance of the Series 2023 bonds and the MTFC loan, and the increased calculation of the net pension liability during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Year Ended December 31, 2023	Total Year Ended December 31, 2022
Revenues and Transfers				
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 2,398,735	\$ 8,802,771	\$ 11,201,506	\$ 9,195,850
Operating grants and contributions	18,806	14,815,659	14,834,465	2,017,322
Capital grants and contributions	8,942,357	5,264,876	14,207,233	8,474,291
General Revenues				
Sales taxes	14,960,224	-	14,960,224	14,612,898
Ad valorem taxes	1,990,775	-	1,990,775	1,683,242
Motor vehicle and gas taxes	956,989	-	956,989	723,389
Other taxes	98,892	-	98,892	96,102
Franchise fees	1,008,391	-	1,008,391	958,501
Interest	705,273	1,125,784	1,831,057	574,577
Other revenue	590,810	567,661	1,158,471	855,248
Transfers	978,682	(978,682)		
Total Revenues and Transfers	32,649,934	29,598,069	62,248,003	39,191,420
Expenses				
Administrative	2,050,887	-	2,050,887	2,478,930
Information technology	780,432	-	780,432	608,244
Human resources	360,526	-	360,526	-
Municipal court	205,737	-	205,737	127,767
Economic development	774,384	_	774,384	744,166
Police	3,253,645	_	3,253,645	2,957,917
Fire	2,796,859	-	2,796,859	2,378,185
Emergency management	14,417	-	14,417	20,820
Animal control	310,470	-	310,470	287,430
Street	3,270,911	-	3,270,911	2,078,897
Stormwater	56,272	-	56,272	7,750
Parks and recreation	3,363,932	-	3,363,932	3,583,915
Debt service	574,504	-	574,504	129,329
Water	-	3,361,621	3,361,621	2,339,592
Sewer	-	5,523,519	5,523,519	5,400,685
Total Expenses	17,812,976	8,885,140	26,698,116	23,143,627
Increase in Net Position	\$ 14,836,958	\$ 20,712,929	\$ 35,549,887	\$ 16,047,793

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the net position of the City by \$14,836,958. Tax revenues for the City were \$19,015,271, which is an increase of \$941,139 from the prior year. Program revenues for the functions totaled \$11,359,898, which is

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

an increase of \$1,232,510 from the prior year. The following table shows the cost of the City's programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the taxpayers by each of these functions.

Net Cost of the City of Republic's Governmental Activities

		Total Cost		Net Cost
	of Services			of Services
Administrative	\$	2,050,887	\$	2,033,082
Information technology		780,432		780,432
Human resources		360,526		360,526
Municipal court		205,737		(92,358)
Economic development		774,384		156,452
Police		3,253,645		3,168,764
Fire		2,796,859		2,773,039
Emergency management		14,417		14,417
Animal control		310,470		310,470
Street		3,270,911		(5,648,222)
Stormwater		56,272		56,272
Parks and recreation		3,363,932		1,965,700
Debt Service		574,504		574,504
	\$	17,812,976	\$	6,453,078

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$20,712,929. This is up from the prior-year increase of the City's business-type activities of \$2,477,864. The majority of the increase in net position of the business-type activities is due to the federal reimbursements of waste water treatment plant project costs that began occurring during the current year.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The combined fund balances of the City's governmental funds as of December 31, 2023, were \$26,358,628, which was a net increase of \$9,707,581 across the funds. The increase is due to conservative budgeting.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original, the final amended budget, and the actual results are summarized as follows:

- The City's General Fund budget was amended in December 2023.
- The City's original budgeted revenues and transfers in for the General Fund were \$17,228,366 and budgeted expenditures and transfers out were \$16,726,253, for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

• The City's amended budgeted revenues and transfers in for the General Fund were \$17,429,163, and amended budgeted expenditures and transfers out were \$16,181,668, for the year ended December 31, 2023. Actual revenues and expenditures, including transfers, were \$17,918,614 and \$15,876,685, respectively.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Capital assets of the governmental activities were \$53,965,269 (net of accumulated depreciation) as of December 31, 2023. This represents a \$15,383,725 increase from the prior year. Net capital assets for business-type activities were \$61,372,088, as of December 31, 2023. This represents an increase of \$24,363,186 from the prior year. The increases are mainly due to infrastructure upgrades and a new facility being constructed.

Debt

Total debt of the governmental activities as of December 31, 2023, was \$16,470,131, which is a net increase of \$10,172,031 from the prior year. The increase is due to the issuance of the Series 2023 special obligation bonds in the amount of \$9,920,000 and the MTFC loan in the amount of \$2,007,533. Retirements of principal and amortization of premiums totaled \$1,857,880 during the year.

Total debt of business-type activities as of December 31, 2023, was \$49,318,203, which is a net decrease of \$1,679,961 from the prior year. Retirements of principal and amortization of premiums totaled \$1,699,549 during the year.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Economic Factors

The City of Republic (the "City") is located a few miles from the City of Springfield, the third-largest city in Missouri. As such, Springfield's demographics, economic statistics, and strong workforce continued to positively impact the City of Republic.

- Sales tax revenue increased in FY 2023 but at a declining rate when compared to prior years as the COVID stimulus
 programs, which resulted in incremental cash generation, along with pent-up product demand, which drove retail
 sales coming out of the Pandemic, were primarily depleted during 2021 and 2022.
- Furthermore, FY 2023 benefited from prior years' economic growth as exemplified in the growth in property taxes.

Capital Investment & Financial Results

During FY 2023, the City continued investment in two major capital projects.

- Parks & Recreation The expansion of the pool ("The Rush") and the upgrade to portions of JR Martin Park. To
 fund this project, in March 2023, the City issued \$9.920 million ("Par") in tax exempt Series 2023 Special Obligation
 Bonds ("Series 2023 Bonds"). Par value, plus premium, less discounts and issuance costs resulted in net proceeds
 of \$9,998,565 to the City.
 - By Fiscal Year 2023 year-end, the City had spent \$3,292,958 on eligible expenditures, leaving a restricted cash balance of \$6,705,607.
 - The City remains continually grateful for the voter approval for the renewal of Parks Capital Improvement Sales Tax initiative in August 2022, which helps to fund ongoing capital products and provides cash to meet the annual debt service on the Series 2023 Bonds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

- Wastewater The City continued work on the \$140 million Wastewater Treatment Plant Project ('WWTP") during Fiscal Year 2023.
 - The City issued \$45,445,000 in tax exempt Series 2022 Special Obligation Bonds ("Series 2022 Bonds").
 - The Series 2022 Bonds, issued at a Premium of \$3,422,527 less an Underwriters Discount of \$363,560 yielded \$48,503,967 in cash to the City.
 - The Series 2022 Bonds were issued to partially fund the WWTP and to build the new BUILDS facility that houses Water, Wastewater, Streets and Community Development.
 - In anticipation of the incremental cash required to pay the annual debt service on the Series 2022 Bonds,
 Wastewater rates were increased in 2022 and will gradually increase over the next few years to fund the debt service for the Series 2022 Bonds and future debt required to fund the WWTP Project.
 - o From the time of issuance of the Series 2022 Bonds in Feb 2022 thru year end FY 2023, the City spent:
 - \$5.2 million on the BUILDS Facility; and
 - \$18.9 million on eligible WWTP expenditures, leaving a restricted cash balance of \$24,434,542.
 - o To further aid in the funding, the City lobbied for and received grant commitments of:
 - \$25 million from ARPA administered thru the Department of Natural Resources. These funds are reimbursed at 70% from ARPA, 30% from the City.
 - \$25 million from Missouri's state funded General Revenue fund. These funds are reimbursed at 50% from Missouri General Revenue, 50% from the City.
 - To complete the funding for the WWTP Project, the City has also secured up to \$50 million in State Revolving Fund ("SRF") low interest rate debt. These funds are expected to close early summer 2024.

From an operating perspective, the City of Republic ended FY 2023 better than Budget.

- Revenue- better than Budget.
 - City sales taxes ended the year \$131,703 worse than Budget.
 - Property & other taxes ended the year \$297,961 better than Budget, more than offsetting the Budget miss on City Sales Taxes.
 - o Interest income ended the year \$139,828 better than Budget due to:
 - Higher interest rates
 - Slower spend rate tied to Capital Expenditures, primarily on the Wastewater Treatment Plant Project.
- Expenses & Capital Expenditures better than Budget.
 - Compensation expenses ended the year better than Budget due to unfilled budgeted jobs.
 - o Operating expenses ended the year better than Budget.
 - o Capital Expenditures ended the year better than Budget due to timing of the expenditure.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

- The City ended FY 2023 with \$51.6 million in total cash.
 - o \$13.7 million | Unrestricted
 - \$8.3 Million General Fund.
 - \$5.4 million spread over remaining funds/departments.
 - \$37. 9 million | Restricted or Assigned
 - \$24.4 million Wastewater Project.
 - \$6.7 million Pool & Parks Project.
 - \$6.8 million Other.

Fiscal Year 2024 Budget

In the FY 2024 Budget, The City continues to challenge the status quo and has budgeted major strides in wastewater improvements, increased Parks & Recreation investment, and the benefits of increased public safety funding. Sales tax growth, which was flat year in FY 2023 when compared to FY 2022, is budgeted at a slight 1% increase over the FY 2023.

The 2024 Consolidated Budget ("Budget"), approved by City Council, consists of an (1) Operating Budget and a (2) Capital Budget, which are broken out as follows.

- Operating Budget with revenues of \$37,457,699, expenses of \$34,611,092 resulting in an Operating Surplus of \$2,846,607.
- Capital Budget with expenditures of \$64,558,749 funded as follows:
 - \$33,701,273 in transfers from existing cash; and
 - \$817,000 in transfers from Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund or Fire Sales Tax Fund as appropriate;
 - \$30,131,300 in Grants or Reimbursements from the State of Missouri or Missouri Department of Transportation.
- The combination of these two Budgets results in a Consolidated Net Surplus of \$2,937,432.
- This Budget establishes our operating and capital investment plan for Fiscal Year (FY) 2024. The City of Republic provides basic municipal services such as public safety, street maintenance, water and sewer services, and parks and recreation programs.

The City prepared two (2) parallel documents: the Budget and the 2024-2028 5-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP).

- The Budget contains twenty individual departmental budgets across ten (10) funds (General Fund, Police Fund, Fire Fund, Street Fund, Stormwater Fund, Water Fund, Wastewater Fund, Parks & Recreation Fund, Capital Improvements Project Fund, and Fire Sales Tax Fund).
- This Budget includes a separate Operating Budget and Capital Budget for each of the individual departmental budgets.
- The CIP identifies all capital and infrastructure needs the City foresees for the next five (5) years, including improvements to the American's Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

The City must follow governmental accounting standards. These standards require the City to separate different activities into corresponding funds and departments so that the funding sources and uses are kept separate and reported in a particular manner. Financial planning is essential for sound fiscal management and stewardship of resources. At the forefront of any decision is the transparency, accuracy, and accountability of City funds. It is imperative for City Council and City staff to have well-founded internal controls and accuracy before approving a budget. The budget, as proposed, provides direction to the City as to resources available for planned expenditures while allowing for unanticipated expenditures.

In accordance with the Missouri State Statute Section 67.010, the budget is to be balanced and the total proposed expenditures are not to exceed the estimated revenues and any unencumbered fund balance, less any deficit estimated for the beginning of the budget year. Each budget will outline a multi-year presentation of planned and actual resources to allow for the comparative analysis of the financial conditions of the City, as required.

The Operating Budget is comprised of the following Funds, with highlights below:

General Fund

- Administration is a consolidation of the following departments City Administration, City Clerk, Legal,
 Finance, Information Technologies, Human Resources, Public Information Office, Community
 Development (BUILDS), Municipal Court, Animal Control
- Revenues & Expenses
 - Revenues are appropriated to each respective department as governed by ordinance, ballot, or budget statute.
 - Real Property Levy of 0.4267 per assessed \$100 for the General Fund.
 - Administration personnel costs are allocated proportionally to all funds & departments based on headcount.
 - Each fund and/or department treats the administration allocation as expense to each respective department's budget.
 - Alternatively, the General Fund treats the administration allocation as revenue in the Administration Budget.
 - Both the revenue (in the General Fund) and the expense (in the Fund/Department) budgets are eliminated in the consolidation process.

Parks and Recreation Fund

- o In March of 2023, the City issued \$9.9 million in Series 2023 Special Obligation Bonds to fund the Aquatic Center expansion & the JR Martin Park upgrades & improvements.
- The FY 2024 Capital Budget contains \$7,366,899 in expenditures, of which \$6,325,399 are for the Aquatic Center expansion and JR Martin Park upgrades. That specific amount will be funded with restricted cash generated from the Series 2023 Bond issue.
- The Operating Budget contains the revenues & expenses for the Parks & Recreation Department (community programming, park maintenance, Republic Aquatic Center, Senior Center).
 - Funded by sale of services; and

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

- Two (2) ¼-cent Parks Sales Taxes (one for Operations, one for Capital Improvements); and
- One (1) ¼-cent Greene County Sales Tax designated to Parks; and
- Real Property Levy of 0.1150 assessed per \$100 for the Parks and Recreation Fund.

Police Fund

- o In 2021, the voters approved a ¾ cent Public Safety Sales Tax ("PSST"). The PSST is equally split between the Police and Fire Funds. For FY 2024, the Police portion of the PSST is \$1,585,573.
- For 2024, the total Operating Budget for the Police Fund is \$3,823,375, funded with the \$1,585,573 PSST,
 a \$1,411,645 transfer from the General Fund, along with \$803,656 from Greene County's Law
 Enforcement Sales Tax.

Fire Fund

- o In 2021, the voters approved a ¾ cent Public Safety Sales Tax ("PSST"). The PSST is equally split between the Police and Fire Funds. For FY 2024, the Fire portion of the PSST is \$1,585,573.
- For 2024, the total Operating Budget for the Fire Fund is \$3,848,271, funded with the \$1,585,573 PSST and a \$2,217,780 transfer from the General Fund.

• Fire Sales Tax Fund

- Capital projects and equipment for the Fire Department
- Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund
 - Voters approved the reallocation of the ¼-cent Stormwater Sales Tax to a general Capital Improvement Sales Tax (CIST), which took effect October 2017.
 - Voters were presented with a list of projects to be funded by the CIST. To ensure transparency, the projects are updated on the City website.
 - The list of completed projects funded through the CIST is also made available on the City website.

Street Fund

- Funded in part by the ½-cent Transportation Sales Tax.
- The Real Property Levy of 0.0657 per assessed \$100 for lights is additional funding for the Street Fund.

Water Fund

The Water Fund is an Enterprise Fund that operates through the sale of water to the citizens of the City.

Wastewater Fund

 Likewise, the Wastewater Fund is an Enterprise Fund that operates through the sale of wastewater service to the citizens of the City.

Water & Wastewater Rates

2024 brings rate increases for both water and wastewater rates. Those increases are as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

Water

- Inside City Limits
 - Monthly Base Charge will increase from \$8.09 to \$8.66 for 1,500 gallons.
 - Surcharge will increase from \$3.81 to \$4.08 per 1,000 gallons.
- Outside City Limits
 - Monthly Base Charge will increase from \$12.13 to \$12.98 for 1,500 gallons.
 - Surcharge will increase from \$5.71 to 6.11 per 1,000 gallons.

Wastewater

- Inside City Limits
 - Monthly Base Charge will increase from \$25.57 to \$26.85 for 1,500 gallons.
 - Surcharge will increase from \$15.19 to \$15.95 per 1,000 gallons.
- Outside City Limits
 - Monthly Base Charge will increase from \$38.35 to \$40.27 for 1,500 gallons.
 - Surcharge will increase from \$22.81 to \$23.95 per 1,000 gallons.

Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures, both maintenance and major projects, are budgeted at \$64,558,749 for 2024. These capital expenditures are broken down into the following major projects.

- Wastewater Project = \$51.9 M
- Schuyler Creek Trail = \$2.0 M
- Pool Expansion = \$4.5 M
- JR Martin Park = \$1.7 M
- Other = \$4.5 M

These 2024 Capital Budget projects comprise the first year of the 5-Year Capital Improvement Plan, which is submitted separately from the Budget and outlines future City needs pertaining to projects and capital equipment. When resources are tight, capital spending is often prioritized and/or deferred if possible. Capital improvements have long-term effects on City operations, as well as impacting both current and future Capital Budgets. The 2024-2028 5-Year CIP was developed in conjunction with the FY 2024 Budget.

Personnel

City Administration considers the employees to be the most valuable assets of the organization and the City continues to invest in our people. In return, it also warrants evaluation of performance, value, and accountability.

In the 2024 budget, wages and personnel benefits are budgeted at \$16,439,194 which is approximately 57% of the Operating Budget expenses. Additional highlights regarding the City's staff for 2024 include the following:

• The City is budgeting for a total of 171 full-time employees by year end, mostly adding to our Public Safety teams.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2023

- Effective January 1, 2024, the City is budgeting a 4% COLA for all staff to maintain a competitive advantage in relation to surrounding entities and compensate employees for the rising costs associated with inflation.
- The City will continue to fund 100% of the employee's healthcare insurance cost. In addition, effective January 1, 2024, the City now funds 50% of the incremental cost of dependent healthcare which has historically been borne 100% by the employee.

The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), which is a defined benefit pension plan providing retirement, disability and death benefits to members and beneficiaries.

- In 2014, City Council approved a change in the City's LAGERS program from the L-1 level to the L-3 level, increasing the employees' pension from a 1.0% multiplier to a 1.25% multiplier. The ensuing change resulted in an approximate 5.6% increase in LAGERS pension contributions on behalf of the employees.
- In 2019, the City assumed the employee's contribution rate of 4% and the employees no longer are required to contribute. No changes to the LAGERS benefit are budgeted in the 2024 Budget.

In 2022, the City and its Council members boldly chose to provide an added benefit of a 9% ICMA Deferred Compensation program provided by the City on behalf of each full-time employee, which went into effect April 1, 2022. The City has budgeted \$891,210 to fund the same ICMA Deferred Compensation benefit for 2024.

Each year, the City remains diligent by taking all employee benefits out for bid, ensuring the best benefit package is available within their means. We are happy to report that our health and dental insurance premiums will remain the same for 2024. We will continue to offer ancillary benefits as options for our staff.

Conclusion

In 2024, our mission will continue to be "aggressively progressive through processes, relationships and trust". We will constantly evaluate our processes to ensure timely service and response through exceptional customer service. We will consistently strengthen our relationships with the community through timely communication and updates, and we will continue to build trust through our dedication to process improvements. We will see ways to improve our local economy, which will help improve the quality of life for our citizens. We remain committed to our goal of enhancing & improving the City's infrastructure and facilities. As such, we remain focused on two extremely specific needs of the City, additional funding for and execution of our Wastewater Treatment Plant Project, along with upgrades and enhancements to our Parks & Recreation system. We are grateful to be able to serve this community and, while there are challenges, we will continue to address and sustain the needs of our growing community.

For additional information or questions, please contact:

City of Republic 213 North Main Street Republic, MO 65738 (417) 732-3100 BFord@republicmo.com

Bob Ford, Finance Director David Cameron, City Administrator Jared Keeling, Assistant City Administrator Lisa Addington, Chief of Staff

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2023

	 Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		• •		Total		
Assets							
Current							
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 6,715,014	\$	2,553,642	\$	9,268,656		
Investments - unrestricted	6,185,000		-		6,185,000		
Ad valorem taxes receivable, net	1,582,175		-		1,582,175		
Sales taxes receivable	2,207,726		-		2,207,726		
Utilities receivable	-		2,177,858		2,177,858		
Intergovernmental receivable	1,278,788		14,904,356		16,183,144		
Leases receivable	-		1,193,744		1,193,744		
Other receivables	485,964		-		485,964		
Prepaid insurance	192,571		58,870		251,441		
Noncurrent							
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	10,181,817		26,008,310		36,190,127		
Capital Assets							
Non-depreciable	12,737,575		23,536,769		36,274,344		
Depreciable, net	 41,227,694		37,835,319		79,063,013		
Total Assets	82,794,324		108,268,868		191,063,192		
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred pension outflows	1,485,530		366,436		1,851,966		

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2023

	Governmental Business-Type		
	Activities	Activities	Total
Liabilities			
Current			
Accounts payable	1,104,946	5,086,477	6,191,423
Retainage payable	210,468	-	210,468
Accrued expenses	171,218	45,055	216,273
Accrued interest payable	54,244	135,135	189,379
Deposits payable	-	573,822	573,822
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,131,568	1,761,346	2,892,914
	2,672,444	7,601,835	10,274,279
Noncurrent			
Bonds payable, net	11,652,046	44,278,532	55,930,578
Financed purchases	3,118,709	3,178,609	6,297,318
Compensated absences payable	567,808	99,716	667,524
Net pension liability	2,354,723	629,396	2,984,119
	17,693,286	48,186,253	65,879,539
Total Liabilities	20,365,730	55,788,088	76,153,818
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred pension inflows	279,670	49,399	329,069
Leases	-	1,170,450	1,170,450
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	279,670	1,219,849	1,499,519
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	44,768,553	36,588,143	81,356,696
Unrestricted	18,865,901	15,039,224	33,905,125
Total Net Position	\$ 63,634,454	\$ 51,627,367	\$ 115,261,821

Statement of Activities

						Net (Expenses), Revenues, and C	Changes in Net
		Program Revenues					Position	
		Charges		Operating	Capital	Р	rimary Governme	nt
		for		Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Expenses	Services	<u>c</u>	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>	Activities	Total
Functions/Programs								
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
Administrative	\$ (2,050,887)	\$ 12,36	50 5	\$ 5,445	\$ -	\$ (2,033,082)	\$ -	\$ (2,033,082)
Information technology	(780,432)		-	-	-	(780,432)	-	(780,432)
Human resources	(360,526)		-	-	-	(360,526)	-	(360,526)
Municipal court	(205,737)	298,09	95	-	-	92,358	-	92,358
Economic development	(774,384)	617,18	32	-	750	(156,452)	-	(156,452)
Police	(3,253,645)	68,99	90	13,361	2,530	(3,168,764)	-	(3,168,764)
Fire	(2,796,859)	5,24	12	-	18,578	(2,773,039)	-	(2,773,039)
Emergency management	(14,417)		-	-	-	(14,417)	-	(14,417)
Animal control	(310,470)		-	-	-	(310,470)	-	(310,470)
Street	(3,270,911)	12,91	L9	-	8,906,214	5,648,222	-	5,648,222
Stormwater	(56,272)		-	-	-	(56,272)	-	(56,272)
Parks and recreation	(3,363,932)	1,383,94	17	-	14,285	(1,965,700)	-	(1,965,700)
Debt Service	(574,504)					(574,504)		(574,504)
Total Governmental Activities	(17,812,976)	2,398,73	35	18,806	8,942,357	(6,453,078)	-	(6,453,078)

Statement of Activities

					Net (Expenses), Revenues, and (Changes in Net	
		P	Program Revenue	es				
		Charges	Operating	Capital	P	rimary Governme	nment	
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	_	
	<u>Expenses</u>	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Business-Type Activities								
Water	(3,361,621)	2,789,018	-	2,078,086	-	1,505,483	1,505,483	
Sewer	(5,523,519)	6,013,753	14,815,659	3,186,790		18,492,683	18,492,683	
Total Business-Type Activities	(8,885,140)	8,802,771	14,815,659	5,264,876		19,998,166	19,998,166	
Total Primary Government	\$ (26,698,116)	\$11,201,506	\$14,834,465	\$14,207,233	(6,453,078)	19,998,166	13,545,088	
	General Revenu	ies and Transfer	s					
	Sales taxes				14,960,224	-	14,960,224	
	Ad valorem ta	axes			1,990,775	-	1,990,775	
	Motor vehicle	e and gas taxes			956,989	-	956,989	
	Other taxes				98,892	-	98,892	
	Franchise fee	S			1,008,391	-	1,008,391	
	Interest				705,273	1,125,784	1,831,057	
	Other revenu	e			590,810	567,661	1,158,471	
	Transfers				978,682	(978,682)		
	Total General	Revenues and	Transfers		21,290,036	714,763	22,004,799	
	Changes in Net Po	osition			14,836,958	20,712,929	35,549,887	
	Net Position, Begi	inning of year, as	s restated		50,405,706	29,306,228	79,711,934	
	Equity Transfer				(1,608,210)	1,608,210		
	Net Position, End	of year			\$ 63,634,454	\$ 51,627,367	\$115,261,821	

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

December 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds								
				ı	Parks and	ſ	Nonmajor		Total
	General		Street	R	ecreation	Go	vernmental	Governmental	
	 Fund	Fund			Fund	Funds		Funds	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 4,031,505	\$	852,904	\$	506,978	\$	1,323,627	\$	6,715,014
Investments - unrestricted	5,000,000		1,185,000		-		-		6,185,000
Ad valorem taxes receivable, net	1,115,664		160,296		306,215		-		1,582,175
Sales taxes receivable	1,236,400		353,210		353,209		264,907		2,207,726
Other receivables	390,862		95,102		-		-		485,964
Intergovernmental receivable	-		1,278,788		-		-		1,278,788
Prepaid insurance	127,404		21,043		44,124		-		192,571
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	185,278		3,250,932		6,745,607				10,181,817
Total Assets	\$ 12,087,113	\$	7,197,275	\$	7,956,133	\$	1,588,534	\$	28,829,055
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 97,983	\$	69,656	\$	937,307	\$	-	\$	1,104,946
Retainage payable	-		-		210,468		-		210,468
Accrued expenses	 116,257		19,065		35,896				171,218
Total Liabilities	 214,240		88,721		1,183,671		-		1,486,632

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

December 31, 2023

		Special Reve	enue Funds		
			Parks and	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Street	Recreation	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue		983,795			983,795
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	983,795	-	-	983,795
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable					
Prepaid items	127,404	21,043	44,124	-	192,571
Assigned to					
Street	-	6,103,716	-	-	6,103,716
Stormwater	-	-	-	567,903	567,903
Fire	-	-	-	745,302	745,302
Parks and recreation	-	-	6,728,338	-	6,728,338
Capital improvements	-	-	-	275,329	275,329
Unassigned	11,745,469	<u></u> _			11,745,469
Total Fund Balances	11,872,873	6,124,759	6,772,462	1,588,534	26,358,628
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund					
Balances	\$ 12,087,113	\$ 7,197,275	\$ 7,956,133	\$ 1,588,534	\$ 28,829,055

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation The net pension liability and deferred costs are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, not reported in the funds. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of the net pension liability and related deferred items: Net pension liability and related deferred items: Net pension liability Deferred outflows due to pensions Deferred inflows due to pensions 1,485,530 Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. Deferred outflows due to pensions (1,148,863) Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Net position of governmental activities \$ 63,634,454	Fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 26,358,628
Less accumulated depreciation (16,082,989) 53,965,269 The net pension liability and deferred costs are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, not reported in the funds. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of the net pension liability and related deferred items: Net pension liability Deferred outflows due to pensions 1,485,530 Deferred inflows due to pensions (279,670) (1,148,863) Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)	•	
Less accumulated depreciation (16,082,989) 53,965,269 The net pension liability and deferred costs are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, not reported in the funds. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of the net pension liability and related deferred items: Net pension liability Deferred outflows due to pensions 1,485,530 Deferred inflows due to pensions (279,670) (1,148,863) Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)	Governmental capital assets	70,048,258
The net pension liability and deferred costs are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, not reported in the funds. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of the net pension liability and related deferred items: Net pension liability		(16,082,989)
period expenditures and, therefore, not reported in the funds. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of the net pension liability and related deferred items: Net pension liability Deferred outflows due to pensions Deferred inflows due to pensions Deferred inflows due to pensions (279,670) (1,148,863) Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)		53,965,269
is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of the net pension liability and related deferred items: Net pension liability (2,354,723) Deferred outflows due to pensions 1,485,530 Deferred inflows due to pensions (279,670) Carpo,670) Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)	·	
pension liability and related deferred items: Net pension liability Deferred outflows due to pensions Deferred inflows due to pensions Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. Page 3,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)		
Net pension liability (2,354,723) Deferred outflows due to pensions 1,485,530 Deferred inflows due to pensions (279,670) Comparison (1,148,863) Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)		
Deferred outflows due to pensions Deferred inflows due to pensions Deferred inflows due to pensions (279,670) (1,148,863) Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)	·	
Deferred inflows due to pensions (279,670) (1,148,863) Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (1,148,863)	·	
Deferred revenues collected in subsequent years are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)	Deferred inflows due to pensions	
for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)		(1,148,863)
revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet. 983,795 Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)	· · ·	
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)		
is recognized as an expenditures when due (54,244) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)	revenue in the governmental funds' balance sheet.	983,795
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)	Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather	
therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)	is recognized as an expenditures when due	(54,244)
therefore, are not reported in the funds (16,470,131)	Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,	
Net position of governmental activities \$ 63,634,454		(16,470,131)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Net position of governmental activities	\$ 63,634,454

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

	General Street Fund Fund		Parks and Recreation Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 10,583,994	\$ 3,280,348	\$ 3,577,231	\$ 1,573,697	\$ 19,015,270	
Licenses and permits	590,959	5,067	-	-	596,026	
Intergovernmental revenues	34,469	979,562	-	-	1,014,031	
Charges for services	67,440	-	1,383,948	-	1,451,388	
Fines and forfeitures	366,956	-	-	-	366,956	
Miscellaneous	324,530	443,149	252,336	56,941	1,076,956	
Total Revenues	11,968,348	4,708,126	5,213,515	1,630,638	23,520,627	
Expenditures						
Current						
Administrative	2,027,633	-	-	-	2,027,633	
Information technology	786,429	-	-	-	786,429	
Human resources	366,626	-	-	-	366,626	
Municipal court	205,016	-	-	-	205,016	
Economic development	768,409	-	-	-	768,409	
Police	3,069,069	-	-	-	3,069,069	
Fire	2,039,601	-	-	527,850	2,567,451	
Animal control	284,608	-	-	-	284,608	
Street	-	2,646,096	-	-	2,646,096	
Stormwater	-	-	-	56,272	56,272	
Parks and recreation	-	-	2,990,834	-	2,990,834	
Capital outlay	658,246	2,565,506	5,557,879	85,596	8,867,227	
Debt Service						
Principal and interest	172,803	616,246	1,430,259	88,256	2,307,564	
Total Expenditures	10,378,440	5,827,848	9,978,972	757,974	26,943,234	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,589,908	(1,119,722)	(4,765,457)	872,664	(3,422,607)	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

		Special Rev	enue Funds		
			Parks and	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Street	Recreation	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Insurance recoveries	194,643	-	-	-	194,643
Sale of assets	29,330	-	-	-	29,330
Proceeds from new debt issuances	-	2,007,533	9,920,000	-	11,927,533
Operating transfers in	5,726,293	2,012,957	772,701	-	8,511,951
Operating transfers (out)	(5,498,245)	(190,178)	(397,561)	(1,447,285)	(7,533,269)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	452,021	3,830,312	10,295,140	(1,447,285)	13,130,188
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,041,929	2,710,590	5,529,683	(574,621)	9,707,581
Fund Balance, January 1	9,636,920	2,851,197	1,025,801	4,745,339	18,259,257
Equity Transfer	194,024	562,972	216,978	(2,582,184)	(1,608,210)
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 11,872,873	\$ 6,124,759	\$ 6,772,462	\$ 1,588,534	\$ 26,358,628

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	9,707,581
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in		
the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their		
estimated useful lives on a straight line basis and reported as depreciation		
expense. The following is the net effect of these differences:		17.046.206
Expenditures for capital assets		17,046,296
Current year depreciation		(1,662,571) 15,383,725
		13,333,723
Governmental funds defer revenues that do not provide current financial resources.		
However, the Statement of Activities recognizes such revenues at their net realizable		
value when earned, regardless of when received.		(252,417)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds. The repayment of the principal on long-term debt		
is a use of current financial resources of governmental funds. In the		
Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt whereas,		
in the governmental funds, an interest expenditures is reported when		
due. The following is the detail of the net effect of theses differences:		
Repayment of principal on debt		1,844,690
Accrued interest payable		(46,255)
Premium on bonds		(65,375)
Proceeds from the issuance of debt		(11,927,533)
		(10,194,473)
Some expenditures reported in the governmental funds represent the use		
of current financial resources and were recognized in the Statement of		
Activities when incurred.		240 255
Change in pension related costs		219,355
Change in compensated absences		(26,813)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u> </u>	192,542 14,836,958
change in het position of governmental activities	<u>ې</u>	14,030,330

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund December 31, 2023

	Enterprise Funds					
	Water			Sewer		
		Fund		Fund		Total
Assets				_		
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	216,660	\$	2,336,982	\$	2,553,642
Utilities receivable		595,680		1,582,178		2,177,858
Intergovernmental receivable		88,697		14,815,659		14,904,356
Leases receivable		1,193,744		-		1,193,744
Prepaid insurance		32,024		26,846		58,870
Total Current Assets		2,126,805		18,761,665		20,888,470
Restricted Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		655,226		25,353,084		26,008,310
Property, Plant and Equipment						
Non-depreciable		193,196		23,343,573		23,536,769
Depreciable		16,207,336		39,572,502		55,779,838
Accumulated depreciation		(4,717,818)		(13,226,701)		(17,944,519)
Total Property, Plant, and Equipment		11,682,714		49,689,374		61,372,088
Total Assets		14,464,745		93,804,123		108,268,868
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred pension outflows		146,061		220,375		366,436

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund December 31, 2023

	Enterprise Funds					
	Water	Water Sewer				
	Fund	Fund	Total			
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	27,097	5,059,380	5,086,477			
Accrued expenses	28,588	16,467	45,055			
Accrued interest payable	7,299	127,836	135,135			
Utility deposits	573,822	-	573,822			
Current maturities of long-term debt	248,330	1,513,016	1,761,346			
Total Current Liabilities	885,136	6,716,699	7,601,835			
Long-Term Liabilities						
Bonds payable, net	1,733,768	42,544,764	44,278,532			
Financed purchases	1,525,964	1,652,645	3,178,609			
Compensated absences payable	49,897	49,819	99,716			
Net pension liability	250,877	378,519	629,396			
Total Long-Term Liabilities	3,560,506	44,625,747	48,186,253			
Total Liabilities	4,445,642	51,342,446	55,788,088			
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred pension inflows	19,690	29,709	49,399			
Leases	1,170,450	-	1,170,450			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,190,140	29,709	1,219,849			
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	8,174,652	28,413,491	36,588,143			
Unrestricted	800,372	14,238,852	15,039,224			
Total Net Position	\$ 8,975,024	\$ 42,652,343	\$ 51,627,367			

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

Operating Revenues Water Fund Sewer Fund Total Charges for services \$ 2,456,036 \$ 6,010,753 \$ 8,466,789 Miscellaneous 332,982 3,000 335,982 Total Operating Revenues 2,789,018 6,013,753 8,802,771 Operating Expenses Wages and benefits 1,076,443 1,531,139 2,607,582 Professional services 5,525 72,566 78,091 Telephone and utilities 276,226 447,258 733,484 Insurance 31,580 53,406 84,986 Supplies 111,562 138,505 250,067 Travel, meetings and dues 2,21,04 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,560 Miscellaneous 6,4768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses (16,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054		Enterprise Funds					
Operating Revenues \$ 2,456,036 \$ 6,010,753 \$ 8,466,789 Miscellaneous 332,982 3,000 335,982 Total Operating Revenues 2,789,018 6,013,753 8,802,771 Operating Expenses Wages and benefits 1,076,443 1,531,139 2,607,582 Professional services 5,525 72,566 78,091 Telephone and utilities 276,226 447,258 723,484 Insurance 31,580 53,406 84,986 Supplies 111,562 138,505 250,067 Travel, meetings and dues 22,104 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 127,779 31,556 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 <th></th> <th colspan="3">Water S</th> <th>Sewer</th> <th></th> <th></th>		Water S			Sewer		
Charges for services \$ 2,456,036 \$ 6,010,753 \$ 8,466,789 Miscellaneous 332,982 3,000 335,982 Total Operating Revenues 2,789,018 6,013,753 8,802,771 Operating Expenses Wages and benefits 1,076,443 1,531,139 2,607,582 Professional services 5,525 72,566 78,091 Telephone and utilities 276,226 447,258 723,484 Insurance 31,580 53,406 84,986 Supplies 111,562 138,505 250,067 Travel, meetings and dues 22,104 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,779 236,847 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423)			Fund		Fund		Total
Miscellaneous 332,982 3,000 335,982 Total Operating Revenues 2,789,018 6,013,753 8,802,771 Operating Expenses Wages and benefits 1,076,443 1,531,139 2,667,582 Professional services 5,525 72,566 78,991 Telephone and utilities 276,226 447,258 723,484 Insurance 31,580 53,406 84,986 Supplies 111,562 138,505 250,067 Travel, meetings and dues 22,104 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 40,765 27,956 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Revenues (Expenses) 4039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) 70,864 1,05	Operating Revenues						
Total Operating Revenues 2,789,018 6,013,753 8,802,771 Operating Expenses Wages and benefits 1,076,443 1,531,139 2,607,582 Professional services 5,525 72,566 78,091 Telephone and utilities 276,226 447,258 723,484 Insurance 31,580 53,406 84,986 Supplies 111,562 138,505 250,067 Travel, meetings and dues 22,104 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 150,550 353,200 503,750	Charges for services	\$	2,456,036	\$		\$	8,466,789
Operating Expenses Wages and benefits 1,076,443 1,531,139 2,607,582 Professional services 5,525 72,566 78,091 Telephone and utilities 276,226 447,258 723,484 Insurance 31,580 53,406 84,986 Supplies 111,562 138,505 250,067 Travel, meetings and dues 22,104 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 150,550 353,200 503,750 Interest expense 150,550 353,200 503,750	Miscellaneous		332,982		3,000		335,982
Wages and benefits 1,076,443 1,531,139 2,607,582 Professional services 5,525 72,566 78,091 Telephone and utilities 276,226 447,258 723,484 Insurance 31,580 53,406 84,986 Supplies 111,562 138,505 250,067 Travel, meetings and dues 22,104 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911	Total Operating Revenues		2,789,018		6,013,753		8,802,771
Professional services 5,525 72,566 78,091 Telephone and utilities 276,226 447,258 723,484 Insurance 31,580 53,406 84,986 Supplies 111,562 138,505 250,067 Travel, meetings and dues 22,104 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212<	Operating Expenses						
Telephone and utilities 276,226 447,258 723,484 Insurance 31,580 53,406 84,986 Supplies 111,562 138,505 250,067 Travel, meetings and dues 22,104 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 1 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212<	Wages and benefits		1,076,443		1,531,139		2,607,582
Insurance 31,580 53,406 84,986 Supplies 111,562 138,505 250,067 Travel, meetings and dues 22,104 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) </td <td>Professional services</td> <td></td> <td>5,525</td> <td></td> <td>72,566</td> <td></td> <td>78,091</td>	Professional services		5,525		72,566		78,091
Supplies 111,562 138,505 250,067 Travel, meetings and dues 22,104 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 2,64,876	Telephone and utilities		276,226		447,258		723,484
Travel, meetings and dues 22,104 7,665 29,769 Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Interest income 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076	Insurance		31,580		53,406		84,986
Vehicle expense 48,531 18,685 67,216 Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 1 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest income 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 <td< td=""><td>Supplies</td><td></td><td>111,562</td><td></td><td>138,505</td><td></td><td>250,067</td></td<>	Supplies		111,562		138,505		250,067
Repairs and maintenance 1,233,518 789,827 2,023,345 Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest income 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086	Travel, meetings and dues		22,104		7,665		29,769
Depreciation 325,515 786,309 1,111,824 General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest income 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636)	Vehicle expense		48,531		18,685		67,216
General and administrative 9,736 21,770 31,506 Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest income 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380	Repairs and maintenance		1,233,518		789,827		2,023,345
Miscellaneous 64,768 172,079 236,847 Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest income 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated<	Depreciation		325,515		786,309		1,111,824
Total Operating Expenses 3,205,508 4,039,209 7,244,717 Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest income 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equit	General and administrative		9,736		21,770		31,506
Operating Income (Loss) (416,490) 1,974,544 1,558,054 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 1 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest income 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Miscellaneous		64,768		172,079		236,847
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest income 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Total Operating Expenses		3,205,508		4,039,209		7,244,717
Interest income 70,864 1,054,920 1,125,784 Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Operating Income (Loss)		(416,490)		1,974,544		1,558,054
Interest expense (156,113) (1,484,310) (1,640,423) Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Impact fees 150,550 353,200 503,750 Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Interest income		70,864		1,054,920		1,125,784
Rental income 63,911 - 63,911 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Interest expense		(156,113)		(1,484,310)		(1,640,423)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 129,212 (76,190) 53,022 Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Impact fees		150,550		353,200		503,750
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers (287,278) 1,898,354 1,611,076 Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Rental income		63,911		-		63,911
Capital contributions - federal grant - 14,815,659 14,815,659 Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		129,212		(76,190)		53,022
Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure 2,078,086 3,186,790 5,264,876 Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		(287,278)		1,898,354		1,611,076
Operating Transfers (out) (410,636) (568,046) (978,682) Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Capital contributions - federal grant		-		14,815,659		14,815,659
Change in Net Position 1,380,172 19,332,757 20,712,929 Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Capital contributions - developer donated infrastructure		2,078,086		3,186,790		5,264,876
Net Position, January 1, as restated 7,356,127 21,950,101 29,306,228 Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Operating Transfers (out)		(410,636)		(568,046)		(978,682)
Equity Transfer 238,725 1,369,485 1,608,210	Change in Net Position		1,380,172		19,332,757		20,712,929
	Net Position, January 1, as restated		7,356,127		21,950,101		29,306,228
	Equity Transfer		238,725		1,369,485		1,608,210
ϕ 5 51-5 521 ϕ 12 5515 ϕ 51 521 501	Net Position, December 31	\$	8,975,024	\$	42,652,343	\$	51,627,367

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund

Cash Flows from Operating Activities \$ 2,541,328 \$ 5,491,822 \$ 8,033,150 Cash paid to suppliers (1,809,410) (1,832,453) (3,641,863) Cash paid to suppliers (1,057,447) (1,535,567) (2,593,014) Cash paid to employees (1,057,447) (1,535,567) (2,593,014) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 801,439 629,528 Net Operating transfers in (out) (171,911) 801,439 629,528 Nonoperating revenues 143,470 353,200 496,670 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing 428,441 1,154,639 1,126,198 Activities (28,441) 1,154,639 1,126,198 Acquisition and construction of capital assets (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of interest expense (15,558,978) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of interest expense (15,558,978) (10,6035) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 (1,624,714) (1,781,217) <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Ent</th> <th>erprise Funds</th> <th></th>				Ent	erprise Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers \$ 2,541,328 \$ 5,491,822 \$ 8,033,150 Cash paid to suppliers (1,809,410) (1,832,453) (3,641,863) Cash paid to employees (1,057,447) (1,535,567) (2,593,014) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (325,529) 2,123,802 1,798,273 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Net operating revenues (171,911) 801,439 629,528 Nonoperating revenues 143,470 353,200 496,670 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405)			Water		Sewer	_
Cash received from customers \$ 2,541,328 \$ 5,491,822 \$ 8,033,150 Cash paid to suppliers (1,809,410) (1,832,453) (3,641,863) Cash paid to employees (1,057,447) (1,535,567) (2,593,014) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (325,529) 2,123,802 1,798,273 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Net operating transfers in (out) (171,911) 801,439 629,528 Nonoperating revenues 143,470 353,200 496,670 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities (28,441) 1,154,639 1,126,198 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283)			Fund		Fund	Total
Cash paid to suppliers (1,809,410) (1,832,453) (3,641,863) Cash paid to employees (1,057,447) (1,535,567) (2,593,014) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (325,529) 2,123,802 1,798,273 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (171,911) 801,439 629,528 Nonoperating transfers in (out) (171,911) 801,439 629,528 Nonoperating revenues 143,470 353,200 496,670 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities (28,441) 1,154,639 1,126,198 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing	Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash paid to employees (1,057,447) (1,535,567) (2,593,014) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (325,529) 2,123,802 1,798,273 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Net operating transfers in (out) (171,911) 801,439 629,528 Nonoperating revenues 143,470 353,200 496,670 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities (28,441) 1,154,639 1,126,198 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received on investing Activities	Cash received from customers	\$	2,541,328	\$	5,491,822	\$ 8,033,150
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (325,529) 2,123,802 1,798,273 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (171,911) 801,439 629,528 Net operating transfers in (out) (171,911) 801,439 629,528 Nonoperating revenues 143,470 353,200 496,670 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities (28,441) 1,154,639 1,126,198 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decr	Cash paid to suppliers		(1,809,410)		(1,832,453)	(3,641,863)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Net operating transfers in (out) (171,911) 801,439 629,528 Nonoperating revenues 143,470 353,200 496,670 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities (28,441) 1,154,639 1,126,198 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities 4(8,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142)<	Cash paid to employees		(1,057,447)		(1,535,567)	(2,593,014)
Net operating transfers in (out) (171,911) 801,439 629,528 Nonoperating revenues 143,470 353,200 496,670 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities (28,441) 1,154,639 1,126,198 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities 4(48,965) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cas	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	•	(325,529)		2,123,802	 1,798,273
Nonoperating revenues 143,470 353,200 496,670 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities (28,441) 1,154,639 1,126,198 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year <t< td=""><td>Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities (28,441) 1,154,639 1,126,198 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received on investments 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents,	Net operating transfers in (out)		(171,911)		801,439	629,528
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities (28,441) 1,154,639 1,126,198 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received on investments 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents,	Nonoperating revenues		143,470		353,200	496,670
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing	•				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (681,048) (15,158,973) (15,840,021) Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Activities		(28,441)		1,154,639	1,126,198
Payment of bond principal (48,965) (1,117,070) (1,166,035) Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Payment of other debt principal (188,368) (202,648) (391,016) Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(681,048)		(15,158,973)	(15,840,021)
Payment of interest expense (156,503) (1,624,714) (1,781,217) Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Payment of bond principal		(48,965)		(1,117,070)	(1,166,035)
Lease receipts 76,006 - 76,006 Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Payment of other debt principal		(188,368)		(202,648)	(391,016)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Payment of interest expense		(156,503)		(1,624,714)	(1,781,217)
Activities (998,878) (18,103,405) (19,102,283) Cash Flows from Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Lease receipts		76,006		-	76,006
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received on investments 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing					
Interest received on investments 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Activities		(998,878)		(18,103,405)	(19,102,283)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 53,706 1,054,920 1,108,626 Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (1,299,142) (13,770,044) (15,069,186) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Interest received on investments		53,706		1,054,920	1,108,626
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year 2,171,028 41,460,110 43,631,138 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		53,706		1,054,920	1,108,626
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year 871,886 27,690,066 28,561,952 Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1,299,142)		(13,770,044)	(15,069,186)
Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents 655,226 25,353,084 26,008,310	Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year		2,171,028		41,460,110	43,631,138
·	Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year					
·	Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		655,226		25,353,084	26,008,310
	•	\$		\$		\$ 2,553,642

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund

	Enterprise Funds						
	Water Fund Sewer Fun			ewer Fund	Total		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash							
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(416,490)	\$	1,974,544	\$	1,558,054	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation		325,515		786,309		1,111,824	
(Increase) decrease in							
Utilities receivable		(188,793)		(521,931)		(710,724)	
Intergovernmental receivable		(88,697)		-		(88,697)	
Prepaid expense		(9,669)		(7,345)		(17,014)	
Deferred pension outflows		119,967		(98,846)		21,121	
Increase (decrease) in							
Accounts payable		3,809		(103,347)		(99,538)	
Accrued expenses		7,285		(5,647)		1,638	
Utility deposits payable		29,800		-		29,800	
Deferred pension inflows		(116,191)		(30,919)		(147,110)	
Net pension liability		(11,653)		137,036		125,383	
Compensated absences		19,588		(6,052)		13,536	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(325,529)	\$	2,123,802	\$	1,798,273	
Noncash Capital Activities						_	
Contributions of capital assets from developers	\$	2,078,086	\$	3,186,790	\$	5,264,876	
Amortization of bond premiums	\$	-	\$	136,446	\$	136,446	

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Republic, Missouri, (the City) was incorporated in 1871, under the provisions of the State of Missouri. The City operates under a Mayor-City Council form of government. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning, and general administrative services. Other services include water and sewer operations.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City is organized under the laws of the State of Missouri and is a primary government, which is governed by an elected City Council. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the City has evaluated the criteria to determine whether any other entity meets the definition of a component unit and must be included in these financial statements. The City has determined that no other outside entity meets the above criteria and therefore, no other entity has been included as a component unit in the financial statements. In addition, the City is not aware of any entity for which the City would be considered as a component unit of that entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both the government-wide (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements display information about the government as a whole. Interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements to minimize the duplication of internal activities. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for services for support.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities are consolidated and presented on the full accrual, economic resources basis of accounting. The consolidated presentation incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations, and it provides information to improve analysis and comparability.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or a function. Program revenues include charges for goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meet operating and capital expenses of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate fund financial statements report information on the City's governmental and proprietary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Consequently, the emphasis on near-term inflows and outflows of resources do not present the long-term impact of transactions. Conversely, the proprietary fund statements incorporate the accrual basis of accounting and focus on the change in total economic resources. This presentation records long-term assets and liabilities, and recognizes revenues and expenses when transactions occur, regardless of their impact on the flow of cash. Since the accounting differs significantly between the governmental funds and the proprietary funds, it is necessary to convert the governmental fund data to arrive at the government-wide financial statements. Therefore, reconciliations have been provided following the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance identifying categories that required conversion from the fund statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Street Fund: The Street Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for street maintenance, improvements and indebtedness.

Parks and Recreation Fund: The Park Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for the operations of the City parks.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund: The Water Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's water operations.

Sewer Fund: The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's sewer operations.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm sewers, and similar items) and are included in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, excluding land, are defined by the City as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life of at least one year. All land purchases are capitalized regardless of cost. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Historically, governmental infrastructure assets have not been capitalized and reported in the financial statements. In conformity with GASB 34, infrastructure, such as streets and storm sewers, has been capitalized. Additionally, the City elected to depreciate its infrastructure assets. Depreciation is provided in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis. The service lives by type of asset are as follows:

Distribution systems	20-50 years
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Infrastructure	20-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	5 years

Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense; renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash account is available to meet current operating requirements. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as deposits available on demand or with an original maturity of less than three months at the time of purchase.

Fair Value

The fair value measurement and disclosure framework provides for a fair value hierarchy that gives highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. There have been no significant changes from the prior year in the methodologies used to measure fair value. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1: Inputs using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Inputs using significant other observable inputs including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities
- Level 3: Inputs are significant unobservable inputs

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets or fund balance that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, deferred amounts relating to the pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City's business-type activities reports deferred inflows related to the pension plan and leases. The governmental funds report deferred inflows from unavailable revenue from grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Deferred Taxes

Revenues from receivables not expected to be collected in time to pay current operating expenses are deferred until received in the governmental funds. These deferred taxes are to be collected over several years.

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes

Real estate property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on November 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied November 1 become delinquent after December 31 of that year.

Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation time based on the number of years' service to the City. Outstanding vacation leave is payable upon termination of employment. Upon separation from the City's service, an employee is not entitled to receive payment for any accrued and unused sick leave. Compensated absences are recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position.

Bond Premium

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is displayed in three components as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets: This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted: This consists of net position that is legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted: This consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City first applies restricted net position.

Fund Balance Classification

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on constraints imposed on the use of these resources as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Restricted fund balance: This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance: These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the City Council – the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment.

Assigned fund balance: This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in the governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance: This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and services. All other revenues and expenses are considered nonoperating.

Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. These include 1) charges for city court fines, licenses and permits, planning and zoning services, parks and recreation services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenues, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

In circumstances when a disbursement is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Leases

The City is a lessor for several leases of equipment on the City's water tower. The City recognizes a lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of LAGERS and additions to/deductions from LAGERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Cash & Cash Equivalents

State statutes require that the City's deposits be insured or collateralized in the name of the City by the trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits. As of December 31, 2023, all bank balances on deposit are entirely insured or collateralized.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts as follows:

	Accounts				Net Accounts		
	Receivable		Allowance		R	Receivable	
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable							
General Fund	\$	1,125,488	\$	(9,824)	\$	1,115,664	
Street Fund		162,940		(2,644)		160,296	
Parks and Recreation Fund		307,726		(1,511)		306,215	
	\$	1,596,154	\$	(13,979)	\$	1,582,175	

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

4. Restricted Assets

Cash and cash equivalents and fund balance/net position have been restricted as follows:

	Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	Restricted Net Position		
General Fund				
Fire equipment reserves	\$ 144,940	\$ -		
Court bonds	5,891	-		
Police evidence	29,865	-		
Impact fees	2,903	-		
Operating reserves	1,679			
	185,278	-		
Street Fund				
STP match funds	3,187,515	-		
Developer escrow	54,614	-		
Other	8,803			
	3,250,932	-		
Parks and Recreation Fund				
Unspent bond proceeds	6,705,607	-		
Capital replacement reserves	40,000			
	6,745,607	-		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 10,181,817	\$ -		
Water Fund				
Capital replacement	\$ 38,118	\$ -		
Impact fees	43,286	-		
Customer deposits	573,822			
	655,226			
Sewer Fund				
Capital replacement	816,285	-		
Impact fees	102,257	-		
Unspent bond proceeds	24,434,542	-		
	25,353,084	-		
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 26,008,310	\$ -		

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance December 31 2022		Additions Deletions	
Governmental Activities				
Non-depreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 6,352,397	\$ 470,218	\$ -	\$ 6,822,615
Construction in progress	2,782,869	6,633,727	3,501,636	5,914,960
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	9,135,266	\$ 7,103,945	\$ 3,501,636	12,737,575
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Building and improvements	18,420,260	\$ 2,694,514	\$ -	21,114,774
Machinery and equipment	2,600,287	264,841	-	2,865,128
Vehicles	4,866,249	205,051	26,119	5,045,181
Infrastructure	18,006,019	10,279,581	-	28,285,600
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	43,892,815	\$ 13,443,987	\$ 26,119	57,310,683
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Building and improvements	7,517,512	\$ 496,500	\$ -	8,014,012
Machinery and equipment	1,630,556	190,781	-	1,821,337
Vehicles	2,763,919	386,884	26,119	3,124,684
Infrastructure	2,534,550	588,406	-	3,122,956
Total Accumulated Depreciation	14,446,537	\$ 1,662,571	\$ 26,119	16,082,989
Total Depreciable Capital Assets,				
net	29,446,278	3		41,227,694
Total Capital Assets -		_		
Governmental Activities, net	\$ 38,581,544	<u>. </u>		\$ 53,965,269

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Depreciation expense for governmental activities was charged to functions as follows:

	· ·			
Administrative				\$ 42,271
Police				212,783
Fire				310,832
Court				7,783
				· ·
Streets and Stormwater				659,550
Planning				8,541
Parks				378,703
Emergency Management				14,417
Animal Control				27,691
				\$ 1,662,571
	Balance			Balance
	December 31,			December 31,
	2022	Additions	Deletions	2023
Business-Type Activities		Additions	Deletions	2023
Water				
Non-depreciable Capital Assets				
Construction in progress	\$ 1,278,209	\$ 193,196	\$ 1,278,209	\$ 193,196
Total Non-depreciable Capital	- 3 - 1,278,203	y 155,150	→ 1,276,205	- 5 - 155,150
•	1,278,209	\$ 193,196	\$ 1,278,209	193,196
Assets	1,276,209	7 193,190	7 1,278,209	193,190
Depresiable Capital Assets				
Depreciable Capital Assets Water plant	11,048,832	\$ 2,078,086	\$ -	13,126,918
Buildings and improvements	363,121	1,766,061	- -	2,129,182
Major moveable equipment	540,307	1,700,001	-	540,307
Vehicles	410,929	_	_	410,929
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	12,363,189	\$ 3,844,147	\$ -	16,207,336
Total Depresiable capital Assets	12,303,103	\$ 5,044,147		10,207,330
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Water plant	3,690,043	\$ 230,639	\$ -	3,920,682
Buildings and improvements	63,272	26,813	-	90,085
Major moveable equipment	251,316	56,499	-	307,815
Vehicles	387,672	11,564		399,236
Total Accumulated Depreciation	4,392,303	\$ 325,515	\$ -	4,717,818
Total Depreciable Capital Assets,				
net	7,970,886			11,489,518

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

	Balance December 31, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2023
Sewer			_	
Non-depreciable Capital Assets				
Land	270,670	\$ -	- \$ -	270,670
Construction in progress	7,329,921	17,646,519	1,903,537	23,072,903
Total Non-depreciable Capital				
Assets	7,600,591	\$ 17,646,519	\$ 1,903,537	23,343,573
Depresiable Capital Assets				
Depreciable Capital Assets Sewer plant	31,046,798	\$ 4,581,506	5 \$ -	25 620 204
•	31,040,796		•	35,628,304
Buildings and improvements		2,391,388	-	2,391,388
Major moveable equipment	1,039,894	-	-	1,039,894
Vehicles	512,916		<u> </u>	512,916
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	32,599,608	\$ 6,972,894	\$ -	39,572,502
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Sewer plant	11,508,344	\$ 658,643	- \$	12,166,987
Buildings and improvements	-	24,910	-	24,910
Major moveable equipment	490,632	83,432	<u>-</u>	574,064
Vehicles	441,416	19,324	-	460,740
Total Accumulated Depreciation	12,440,392	\$ 786,309		13,226,701
Total Depreciable Capital Assets,				
net	20,159,216			26,345,801
Total Capital Assets -				
Business-Type Activities, net	\$ 37,008,902			\$ 61,372,088

6. Long-Term Liabilities – Governmental Activities

The governmental activities long-term liabilities at December 31, 2023, consist of bonds, certificates of participation, loans, financed purchases, and compensated absences.

Series 2017 Special Obligation Refunding Bonds

On October 19, 2017, the City issued \$4,080,000 in Special Obligation Refunding Bonds for the purpose of refunding the Series 2010 and a portion of the Series 2011 Special Obligation Bonds. 97.68% of the Special Obligation Bonds was recorded as long-term debt within the governmental activities and 2.32% was recorded as long-term debt within the business-type activities. The principal amount recorded within the business-type activities has matured as of December 31, 2022. The bonds bear interest ranging from 2.0% to 3.0% with principal payments due May 1 and interest payments due November 1 and May 1 each year. The bond purchase agreement calls for all bonds to be purchased by a sole purchaser who will then offer them for sale to the public. The bonds may not be called for redemption under the provisions outlined in the bond ordinance. In the event of default, Bond Owners of not less than 10% may take such actions as may be necessary, such as seeking mandamus or specific performance, to cause the City to comply with its obligations under the agreement.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The annual debt service requirements for these bonds at December 31, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending				
December 31,	 Principal	Ir	nterest	 Total
2024	\$ 135,000	\$	8,025	\$ 143,025
2025	 200,000		3,000	 203,000
	\$ 335,000	\$	11,025	\$ 346,025

Series 2022 Special Obligation Bonds

On February 16, 2022, the City issued \$45,445,000 in Series 2022 Special Obligation Bonds for the purpose of construction of a new public works facility, for approximately \$4,965,000 and improvements to the City's sewerage system for approximately \$40,480,000. The amount attributable to the public works facility is recorded in the governmental activities and the amount for the sewerage system improvements is recorded in the enterprise funds and business-type activities. The bonds bear interest ranging from 3.00% to 4.00%, with principal payments due May 1 and interest payments due May 1 and November 1 each year. The City has not pledged its full faith and credit and is not obligated to levy taxes or resort to any other moneys or property of the City to pay the principal and interest.

The annual debt service requirements for these bonds at December 31, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31,		Principal	Interest		Total
2024		\$ 1,265,000	\$ 1,610,100	\$	2,875,100
2025		1,320,000	1,558,400		2,878,400
2026		1,375,000	1,504,500		2,879,500
2027		1,430,000	1,448,400		2,878,400
2028		1,485,000	1,390,100		2,875,100
2029-2033		8,405,000	5,988,500		14,393,500
2034-2038		9,810,000	4,136,800		13,946,800
2039-2043		9,955,000	2,234,125		12,189,125
2044-2047		9,185,000	 561,375		9,746,375
		\$ 44,230,000	\$ 20,432,300	\$	64,662,300
		_		·	
	Governmental Activities	\$ 1,784,368			
	Business-Type Activities	42,445,632			
		\$ 44,230,000			

Series 2023 Special Obligation Bonds

On March 23, 2023, the City issued \$9,920,000 in Series 2023 Special Obligation Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the cost of capital improvements to the City's parks and recreational facilities, including but not limited to the expansion of the aquatic center and the construction of a new community event space. The bonds bear interest ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%, with principal payments due May 1 and interest payments due May 1 and November 1 each year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

The City has not pledged its full faith and credit and is not obligated to levy taxes or resort to any other moneys or property of the City to pay the principal and interest.

The annual debt service requirements for these bonds at December 31, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending				
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2024	\$ 280,000	\$ 430,775	\$	710,775
2025	65,000	422,475		487,475
2026	100,000	419,175		519,175
2027	125,000	414,675		539,675
2028	160,000	408,975		568,975
2029-2033	1,385,000	1,906,375		3,291,375
2034-2038	2,600,000	1,503,050		4,103,050
2039-2043	4,275,000	725,063		5,000,063
2044	 930,000	 20,925		950,925
	\$ 9,920,000	\$ 6,251,488	\$	16,171,488

Capital Financed Purchase - 2006 MAMU

In February 2007, the City entered into a financing agreement with Missouri Association of Municipal Utilities to finance the construction of the addition and renovation of Fire Station No. 1 and the acquisition of related furnishings and equipment in the amount of \$992,000. The agreement requires various monthly payments with interest at 4.0%. In the event of default, the lender may terminate the agreement, retake possession of the property, lease or sublease the property with the City remaining liable for the remaining payments, declare all payments immediately due and payable for the remainder of the current fiscal year, or take whatever action at law or in equity deemed necessary.

The following is a schedule of future minimum payments under this agreement (assuming noncancellation):

Direct Borrowing					
Principal	Interest	Total			
\$ 48,0	00 \$ 17,440	\$ 65,440			
48,0	00 15,520	63,520			
48,0	00 13,600	61,600			
56,0	00 11,587	67,587			
60,0	00 9,220	69,220			
60,0	00 6,820	66,820			
60,0	00 4,420	64,420			
66,0	00 1,970	67,970			
12,0	00 60	12,060			
\$ 458,0	00 \$ 80,637	\$ 538,637			
	\$ 48,0 48,0 48,0 56,0 60,0 60,0 66,0 12,0	Principal Interest			

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Series 2007 Certificates of Participation

In March 2007, the City issued \$1,800,000 in Certificates of Participation for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, furnishing, and equipping Fire Station No. 2. The Certificates of Participation bear interest at 3.25% with monthly payments of \$9,201 due on the first of each month. In the event of default, the lender may terminate the agreement, retake possession of the property, lease or sublease the property with the City remaining liable for the remaining lease payments, or take whatever action at law or in equity deemed necessary.

The following is a schedule of future minimum payments under this agreement (assuming noncancellation):

Year Ending	Direct Borrowing						
December 31,	P	rincipal	ı	nterest	Total		
2024	\$	82,777	\$	18,065	\$	100,842	
2025		84,758		16,083		100,841	
2026		86,734		14,107		100,841	
2027		88,756		12,085		100,841	
2028		90,796		10,046		100,842	
2029		92,942		7,900		100,842	
2030		95,108		5,733		100,841	
2031		97,326		3,516		100,842	
2032		99,590		1,252		100,842	
	\$	818,787	\$	88,787	\$	907,574	

Financed Purchase – Aerial Fire Truck

In June 2017, the City entered into an agreement to finance the purchase of a 2017 Rosenbauer Firetruck in the amount of \$713,000. The agreement requires semi-annual payments of \$44,128 with interest at 2.29%. In the event of default, the lender may declare all payments immediately due and payable, retake possession of the property, lease or sublease the property with the City remaining liable for the remaining payments, or take whatever action at law or in equity deemed necessary.

The following is a schedule of future minimum payments under the lease agreement (assuming noncancellation):

Year Ending	Direct Borrowing					
December 31,	Principal			terest		Total
2024	\$	83,376	\$	4,880	\$	88,256
2025		85,285		2,971		88,256
2026		44,459		1,018		45,477
	\$	213,120	\$	8,869	\$	221,989

Financed Purchase - Equipment

In April 2021, the City entered into an agreement to finance the purchase of a 2016 Komatsu Dozer and a 2018 Komatsu Excavator in the amount of \$203,630. The debt was recorded as long-term debt within both the governmental activities and the business-type activities based on the activity that was to utilize the equipment. The usage was estimated to be

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

33.33% for governmental activities and 66.67% for business-type activities. The agreement requires monthly payments of \$4,367 with interest at 1.4%. In the event of default, the lender may declare all payments immediately due and payable, retake possession of the property, lease or sublease the property with the City remaining liable for the remaining payments, or take whatever action at law or in equity deemed necessary.

The following is a schedule of future minimum payments under the agreement (assuming noncancellation):

Year Ending		Direct Borrowing				
December 31,		Pr	rincipal	Int	erest	Total
2024		\$	51,750	\$	648	\$ 52,398
2025			17,414		52	 17,466
		\$	69,164	\$	700	\$ 69,864
Govern	mental Activities	\$	23,055			
Busine	ss-Type Activities		46,109			
		\$	69,164			

Direct Loan Agreement – 2022 MTFC Loan

On June 1, 2022, the City entered into a direct loan agreement and promissory note with the Missouri Transportation Finance Corporation (MTFC) for the purpose of a cost share program with the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission. The loan shall be specifically used for the widening of Route MM to four lanes plus a center turn lane from Route 360 to Interstate 44. The total amount of the direct loan is \$4,200,000, however, the proceeds are to be issued to the City in four disbursements with the first loan disbursement occurring in June 2022, in the amount of the \$685,692. The second disbursement of \$2,007,533 was provided to the City in calendar year 2023 and the third and fourth disbursements of \$1,506,775, in total, will be provided to the City in calendar year 2024. The loan bears interest at 1.4% and principal and interest payments are due annually on April 15 of each year.

The balance as of December 31, 2023 was \$2,255,330, which includes the first two disbursements to the City plus repayments made by the City. The following is a schedule of future payments under the agreement assuming that all disbursements to the City will be made:

Year Ending	Direct Borrowing				
December 31,	Principa	I	Interest	Total	
2024	\$ 418	,180 \$	29,794	\$	447,974
2025	399	415	46,843		446,258
2026	405	,007	41,251		446,258
2027	410	677	35,581		446,258
2028	416	427	29,832		446,259
2029	422	.257	24,002		446,259
2030	426	.168	18,090		444,258
2031	434	162	12,096		446,258
2032	429	.812	9,017		438,829
	\$ 3,762	.105 \$	246,506	\$	4,008,611

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

The following table is a summary of the changes in the Long-Term Liabilities – Governmental Activities for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	December 31,			December 31,	Due Within
	2022	Additions	Retirements	2023	One Year
Direct Borrowings					
2006 MAMU	\$ 506,000	\$ -	\$ 48,000	\$ 458,000	\$ 48,000
2007 Certificates of Participation	899,729	-	80,942	818,787	82,777
2021 Land Note	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	-	-
Aerial Fire Truck	295,000	-	81,880	213,120	83,376
Equipment	40,063	-	17,008	23,055	17,250
2022 MTFC Loan	685,692	2,007,533	437,895	2,255,330	418,180
	3,426,484	2,007,533	1,665,725	3,768,292	649,583
Bonds					
Series 2017 Special Obligation					
Refunding Bonds	465,000	-	130,000	335,000	135,000
Series 2022 Special Obligation Bonds	1,833,333	-	48,965	1,784,368	50,600
Series 2023 Special Obligation Bonds	-	9,920,000	-	9,920,000	280,000
Premium on Bonds	29,288	78,565	13,190	94,663	16,385
	2,327,621	9,998,565	192,155	12,134,031	481,985
Compensated Absences	540,995	26,813	-	567,808	-
	\$ 6,295,100	\$12,032,911	\$ 1,857,880	\$16,470,131	\$ 1,131,568

7. Long-Term Liabilities – Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities long-term liabilities at December 31, 2023 consists of the following debt issuances as well as compensated absences payable:

Financed Purchase - 2006 MAMU

In December 2006, the City entered into an agreement with Missouri Association of Municipal Utilities to finance the extension of the water and sanitary sewer system lines and the construction of a new well and elevated water storage tank in the amount of \$7,865,000. The agreement requires various monthly payments with interest at 3.975%. In the event of default, the lender may terminate the agreement, retake possession of the property, lease or sublease the property with the City remaining liable for the remaining payments, declare all payments immediately due and payable for the remainder of the current fiscal year, or take whatever action at law or in equity deemed necessary.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

The following is a schedule of future minimum payments under the agreement (assuming noncancellation):

Year Ending		Direct Borrowing					
December 31,			Principal		Interest		Total
2024		\$	376,000	\$	134,037	\$	510,037
2025			392,000		118,800		510,800
2026			412,000		102,853		514,853
2027			430,000		86,158		516,158
2028			450,000		68,698		518,698
2029			472,000		50,426		522,426
2030			494,000		31,273		525,273
2031			517,000		11,210		528,210
		\$	3,543,000	\$	603,455	\$	4,146,455
	Water Fund	\$	1,700,640				
	Sewer Fund		1,842,360				
		\$	3,543,000				

Financed Purchase - Equipment

See Note 6.

Series 2022 Special Obligation Bonds

See Note 6.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The following table is a summary of the changes in the Long-Term Liabilities – Business-Type Activities for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance December 31, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Balance December 31, 2023	Amounts Due Within One Year
Water Fund					
Direct Borrowings					
2006 MAMU	\$ 1,872,000	\$ -	\$ 171,360	\$ 1,700,640	\$ 180,480
Equipment	40,062		17,008	23,054	17,250
	1,912,062	-	188,368	1,723,694	197,730
Bonds					
Series 2022 Special Obligation	1,833,333	-	48,965	1,784,368	50,600
Compensated Absences	30,309	19,588		49,897	
	3,775,704	19,588	237,333	3,557,959	248,330
Sewer Fund					
Direct Borrowings					
2006 MAMU	2,028,000	-	185,640	1,842,360	195,520
Equipment	40,063		17,008	23,055	17,250
	2,068,063	-	202,648	1,865,415	212,770
Bonds					
Series 2022 Special Obligation	41,778,334	-	1,117,070	40,661,264	1,163,800
Premium on Series 2022 Bond	3,320,192	-	136,446	3,183,746	136,446
	45,098,526		1,253,516	43,845,010	1,300,246
Compensated Absences	55,871	-	6,052	49,819	-
	47,222,460		1,462,216	45,760,244	1,513,016
	\$ 50,998,164	\$ 19,588	\$ 1,699,549	\$ 49,318,203	\$ 1,761,346

8. Assessed Valuation, Tax Levy, & Legal Debt Margin

The assessed valuation of the tangible property and the tax levy per \$100 assessed valuation of that property were as follows:

	2023	
Assessed Valuation		_
Real estate	\$ 326,132,911	
Personal property	75,719,076	
Total	\$ 401,851,987	_
Tax Rate Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation		
General Fund	\$.4267	
Park Fund	.1150	
Street Fund	.0657	
	\$.6074	

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The legal debt margin at December 31, 2023, was computed as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds					
	Ordinary (1)	Additional (2)	Total			
Constitutional Debt Limit	\$ 40,185,199	\$ 40,185,199	\$ 80,370,398			
General Obligation Bonds Payable	-	-	-			
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund						
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 40,185,199	\$ 40,185,199	\$ 80,370,398			

- (1) Under Article VI, Section 26(b) and (c), Missouri Constitution, the City, by a vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may incur an indebtedness for any purposes authorized in the charter of the City or by any general law of the State of Missouri. The borrowings authorized by this section shall not exceed ten percent of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.
- (2) Under Article VI, Section 26(d) and (e), Missouri Constitution, the City, by a vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may become indebted not exceeding in the aggregate an additional ten percent for the purpose of acquiring rights-of-way, construction, extending, and improving streets and avenues, and/or sanitary or storm sewer systems; and purchasing or constructing waterworks, electric or other light plants, provided that the total general obligation indebtedness of the City does not exceed twenty percent of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.

9. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The City provides benefits to employees through a defined contribution plan established under section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. This defined contribution plan is administered by MissionSquare Retirement, and benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Plan, plus investment earnings. The City contributes 9% per payroll for all employees starting six months after full-time status date, which are then retroactively paid back to the full-time date. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of hire. Employer and employee contributions are fully vested immediately.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, employer contributions were \$821,739 and employee contributions were \$250,602.

10. Employee Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Benefits Provided. LAGERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police and fire) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police and fire) and receive a reduced allowance.

2023 Valuation	
Benefit multiplier	1.25% for life
Final average salary	3 years
Member contributions	0%

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	General Division	Police Division	Fire Division	Total
Inactive members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	36	6	6	48
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	29	20	12	61
Active members	93	25	22	140
	158	51	40	249

Contributions. The City is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year. With an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the City contribute 0% of gross pay to the pension plan. The City's contribution rates are 13.1% for General, 14.5% for Police, and 12.2% for Fire of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the February 28, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% wage inflation, 2.25% price inflation
Salary increase	2.75% to 6.75% including inflation for the General Division
	2.75% to 6.55% including inflation for the Police Division
	2.75% to 7.15% including inflation for the Fire Division
Investment rate of return	7.00% net of investment and administrative expenses

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables were 75% of the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of General groups and 75% of the PubS-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of Police, Fire and Public Safety groups.

Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2015, through February 29, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average
	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Alpha	15.00%	3.67%
Equity	35.00%	4.78%
Fixed Income	31.00%	1.41%
Real Assets	36.00%	3.29%
Strategic Assets	8.00%	5.25%
Cash/Leverage	-25.00%	-0.29%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	In	crease (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Pension	Liability	
General Division	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 8,280,629	\$ 6,703,118	\$ 1,577,511	
Changes for the year				
Service cost	315,472	-	315,472	
Interest	580,829	-	580,829	
Difference between expected and actual				
experiences	525,737	-	525,737	
Contributions - employer	-	714,471	(714,471)	
Net investment income	-	237,714	(237,714)	
Benefits paid, including refunds	(281,045)	(281,045)	-	
Administrative expenses	-	(21,621)	21,621	
Other (net transfer)		7,419	(7,419)	
Net Changes	1,140,993	656,938	484,055	
Balance at end of year	9,421,622	7,360,056	2,061,566	
Police Division				
Balance at beginning of year	2,263,996	1,685,099	578,897	
Changes for the year				
Service cost	101,326	-	101,326	
Interest	160,184	-	160,184	
Difference between expected and actual				
experiences	111,383	-	111,383	
Contributions - employer	-	210,550	(210,550)	
Net investment income	-	65,786	(65,786)	
Benefits paid, including refunds	(51,806)	(51,806)	-	
Administrative expenses	-	(5,939)	5,939	
Other (net transfer)		11,085	(11,085)	
Net Changes	321,087	229,676	91,411	
Balance at end of year	2,585,083	1,914,775	670,308	

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

	Ir	ncrease (Decrease)	
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability (Asset)	Net Pension	Liability (Asset)
Fire Division	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at beginning of year	2,051,462	1,959,164	92,298
Changes for the year			
Service cost	108,777	-	108,777
Interest	144,162	-	144,162
Difference between expected and actual			
experiences	134,993	-	134,993
Contributions - employer	-	149,811	(149,811)
Net investment income	-	74,200	(74,200)
Benefits paid, including refunds	(92,515)	(92,515)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(5,939)	5,939
Other (net transfer)		9,913	(9,913)
Net Changes	295,417	135,470	159,947
Balance at end of year	2,346,879	2,094,634	252,245
Total Plan Balances at end of year	\$ 14,353,584	\$ 11,369,465	\$ 2,984,119

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following present the Net Pension Liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

				rrent Single scount Rate		
	1	% Decrease 6.00%	Α	ssumption 7.00%	1	% Increase 8.00%
General Division			-			
Total Pension Liability	\$	10,959,085	\$	9,421,622	\$	8,167,698
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		7,360,056		7,360,056		7,360,056
Net Pension Liability		3,599,029		2,061,566		807,642
Police Division						
Total Pension Liability		3,076,238		2,585,083		2,193,061
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,914,775		1,914,775		1,914,775
Net Pension Liability		1,161,463		670,308		278,286
Fire Division						
Total Pension Liability		2,755,267		2,346,879		2,019,360
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	2,094,634		2,094,634		2,094,634
Net Pension Liability		660,633		252,245		(75,274)
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	5,421,125	\$	2,984,119	\$	1,010,654

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized a pension expense of \$614,397 in the General Division, \$180,530 in the Police Division, and \$121,791 in the Fire Division. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

General Division Differences in experiences \$ 724,837 \$ (98,543) \$ 626,294 Differences in assumptions - (63,261) (63,261) Excess (deficit) investment returns 90,319 - 385,094 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 385,094 - 385,094 Police Division Differences in experiences 182,098 (55,081) 127,017 Differences in assumptions 3,540 - 3,540 Excess (deficit) investment returns 33,637 - 33,637 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 116,695 - 116,695 Fire Division 11,078 (55,081) 280,889 Fire Division Differences in experiences 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$ 1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Act		Deferred Outflows of Resources		(1	Deferred nflows) of esources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources		
Differences in assumptions - (63,261) (63,261) Excess (deficit) investment returns 90,319 - 90,319 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 385,094 - 385,094 Police Division Differences in experiences 182,098 (55,081) 127,017 Differences in assumptions 3,540 - 3,540 Excess (deficit) investment returns 33,637 - 33,637 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 116,695 - 116,695 Fire Division 110,695 - 116,695 - 116,695 Differences in experiences 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$1,851,966 \$329,069 \$1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$1,485,530	General Division							
Excess (deficit) investment returns 90,319 - 90,319 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 385,094 - 385,094 1,200,250 (161,804) 1,038,446 Police Division Differences in experiences 182,098 (55,081) 127,017 Differences in assumptions 3,540 - 3,540 Excess (deficit) investment returns 33,637 - 33,637 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 116,695 - 116,695 Fire Division 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in experiences 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in assumptions 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$1,851,966 (329,069) \$1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$1,485,530 (279,670) \$1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 36	Differences in experiences	\$	724,837	\$	(98,543)	\$	626,294	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 385,094 - 385,094 Police Division 1,200,250 (161,804) 1,038,446 Poliferences in experiences 182,098 (55,081) 127,017 Differences in assumptions 3,540 - 3,540 Excess (deficit) investment returns 33,637 - 33,637 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 116,695 - 116,695 Fire Division 5,081 280,889 Pifferences in experiences 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in assumptions 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$1,851,966 \$(121,184) 203,562 Footermental Activities \$1,485,530 \$(279,670) \$1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Differences in assumptions		-		(63,261)		(63,261)	
Police Division 1,200,250 (161,804) 1,038,446 Differences in experiences 182,098 (55,081) 127,017 Differences in assumptions 3,540 - 3,540 Excess (deficit) investment returns 33,637 - 33,637 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 116,695 - 116,695 Fire Division 335,970 (55,081) 280,889 Fire Division 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in experiences 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$1,851,966 \$(329,069) \$1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$1,485,530 \$(279,670) \$1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Excess (deficit) investment returns		90,319		-		90,319	
Police Division Differences in experiences 182,098 (55,081) 127,017 Differences in assumptions 3,540 - 3,540 Excess (deficit) investment returns 33,637 - 33,637 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 116,695 - 116,695 Fire Division 335,970 (55,081) 280,889 Pifferences in experiences 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in assumptions 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		385,094		-		385,094	
Differences in experiences 182,098 (55,081) 127,017 Differences in assumptions 3,540 - 3,540 Excess (deficit) investment returns 33,637 - 33,637 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 116,695 - 116,695 Fire Division - 55,081 280,889 Pifferences in experiences 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in assumptions 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$1,851,966 \$(329,069) \$1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$1,485,530 \$(279,670) \$1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037			1,200,250		(161,804)		1,038,446	
Differences in assumptions 3,540 - 3,540 Excess (deficit) investment returns 33,637 - 33,637 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 116,695 - 116,695 Fire Division - 5,081 280,889 Pifferences in experiences 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in assumptions 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$ 1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Police Division							
Excess (deficit) investment returns 33,637 - 33,637 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 116,695 - 116,695 335,970 (55,081) 280,889 Fire Division Differences in experiences 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in assumptions 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$ 1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Differences in experiences		182,098		(55,081)		127,017	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 116,695 - 116,695 335,970 (55,081) 280,889 Fire Division Differences in experiences 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in assumptions 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Differences in assumptions		3,540		-		3,540	
Fire Division 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in experiences 192,224 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$1,851,966 \$(329,069) \$1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$1,485,530 \$(279,670) \$1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Excess (deficit) investment returns		33,637		-		33,637	
Fire Division Differences in experiences 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in assumptions 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$ 1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		116,695	-		116,695		
Differences in experiences 192,224 (106,722) 85,502 Differences in assumptions 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$ 1,851,966 \$ (112,184) 203,562 \$ 1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037			335,970		(55,081)		280,889	
Differences in assumptions 11,078 (5,462) 5,616 Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total \$ 1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Fire Division							
Excess (deficit) investment returns 30,757 - 30,757 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total 315,746 (112,184) 203,562 \$ 1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Differences in experiences		192,224		(106,722)		85,502	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* 81,687 - 81,687 Total 315,746 (112,184) 203,562 \$ 1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Differences in assumptions		11,078		(5,462)		5,616	
Total 315,746 (112,184) 203,562 \$ 1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Excess (deficit) investment returns		30,757		-		30,757	
Total \$ 1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897 Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		81,687		-		81,687	
Governmental Activities \$ 1,485,530 \$ (279,670) \$ 1,205,860 Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037			315,746		(112,184)		203,562	
Business-Type Activities 366,436 (49,399) 317,037	Total	\$	1,851,966	\$	(329,069)	\$	1,522,897	
	Governmental Activities	\$	1,485,530	\$	(279,670)	\$	1,205,860	
\$ 1,851,966 \$ (329,069) \$ 1,522,897	Business-Type Activities		366,436		(49,399)		317,037	
		\$	1,851,966	\$	(329,069)	\$	1,522,897	

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized in the Net Pension Liability in the year ending December 31, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		General		Police	Fire		Fire			Total
	Ne	t Deferred	Ne	t Deferred	Net	Net Deferred		t Deferred		
Year Ending	Outflo	ws (Inflows)	Outflo	ows (Inflows)	Outflo	ws (Inflows)	Outfl	ows (Inflows)		
June 30,	of	Resources	of	Resources	of I	Resources	of Resourc			
2024	\$	136,723	\$	43,343	\$	10,132	\$	190,198		
2025		32,846		14,133		(5,190)		41,789		
2026		229,730		59,874		51,903		341,507		
2027		162,993		34,901		28,239		226,133		
2028		91,060		11,943		10,041		113,044		
Thereafter				<u>-</u>		26,750		26,750		
Total	\$	653,352	\$	164,194	\$	121,875	\$	939,421		

Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2023, the City had \$94,552 of contributions payable to the pension plan required for the year ended December 31, 2023.

11. Leases

The City leases tower space on the water tower to third parties, as a lessor. Payments are fixed and payable monthly. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized \$70,991 in lease revenue.

12. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has transferred its risk by obtaining coverage from a public self-insured insurance pool. In addition, it has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

13. Claims & Adjustments

The City participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulation, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of December 31, 2023, expenditures have not been audited by grantor governments, but the City believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual government funds or the overall financial position of the City.

14. Interfund Operating and Equity Transfers

Operating transfers are used to (1) move receipts from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them, and (2) use unrestricted receipts in the Enterprise Funds and

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Operating transfers between funds of the City for the year ended December 31, 2023, were as follows:

	Operating Transfers In (Out)
General Fund	\$ 228,048
Street Fund	1,822,779
Park Fund	375,140
Capital Improvement	(1,447,285)
Water Fund	(410,636)
Sewer Fund	 (568,046)
	\$ _

Equity transfers were utilized by the City during the year ended December 31, 2023 for the purpose of distributing remaining funds from the Major Grant, Capital Project, and Debt Service Funds to the funds that expended the resource in prior years. Equity transfers between the funds of the City were as follows:

	Equity Transfers In (Out)
General Fund	\$ 194,024
Street Fund	562,972
Park Fund	216,978
Major Grant Fund	(2,019,212)
Capital Project Fund	(441,877)
Debt Service Fund	(121,095)
Water Fund	238,725
Sewer Fund	1,369,485_
	\$ -

15. Tax Abatements

As of December 31, 2023, the City provides tax abatements through The Enhanced Enterprise Zones Program. The Enhanced Enterprise Zones Program is designed to attract new or expanding businesses to the area. Under Sections 135.950-135.970, RSMo., in order for a manufacturer, distributor, or certain service industries to qualify for the 50% tax abatement for 10 years, the business must meet certain minimum criteria depending on the type of business facility. The City of Republic, Missouri voted for the qualifying business to include manufacturing, warehousing/distributions and supply chain, wholesale trade, processing wholesale material for wholesale trade, professional services, and any other business enterprise that creates and maintains 15 or more full time jobs, defined as 35 hours per week or more, excluding retail, eating and drinking establishments, and gaming operations. New or expanded business facilities must have \$100,000 in new investment. Replacement business facilities must have \$1,000,000 in new investment. Both types of business facilities must also offer health insurance to full time employees in Missouri, of which at least 50% is paid by the

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

employer. During the year ended December 31, 2023 the total amount abated through the City's Enhanced Enterprise Zones Program was \$103,807.

16. Commitments

At December 31, 2023, the City had the following commitments:

Vendor	Vendor Project				
Burns & McDonnell	Wastewater treatment facility expansion project	\$	34,285		
Burns & McDonnell	Wastewater treatment facility blending project	\$	3,621,596		
Burns & McDonnell	Lift station #4 and forcemain improvements project	\$	48,515		
Burns & McDonnell	Lower Brookline linear improvement project	\$	3,698,970		
Burns & McDonnell	McElhaney lift station and forcemain project	\$	3,965,603		
Branco Enterprises	Aquatic Center	\$	3,413,306		
Sapp Design Architects	JR Martin Park	\$	50,243		
Springfield Winwater Works	Republic Intermediate waterline project	\$	147,390		

17. Restatement

Certain balances in the Statements of Net Position have been restated due to an error in reporting for pensions in the previous year between the activities. The net position of the City as a whole was not changed. Changes to these balances were as follows:

	Water Fund		Sewer Fund		В	usiness-type Activities	Governmental Activities	
Net Position, as previously stated,								_
December 31, 2022	\$	7,090,542	\$	21,661,954	\$	28,752,496	\$	18,259,257
Net Pension Obligation		351,084		389,399		740,483		(740,483)
Deferred Outflows of Resources		(176,934)		(195,727)		(372,661)		372,661
Deferred Inflows of Resources		91,435		94,475		185,910		(185,910)
Net Position, as restated, January 1,		_		_		_		_
2023	\$	7,356,127	\$	21,950,101	\$	29,306,228	\$	17,705,525

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Position Liability and Related Ratios

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 525,575	\$ 437,395	\$ 420,061	\$ 425,565	\$ 409,689	\$ 402,300	\$ 389,419	\$ 354,360	\$ 301,679
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	885,175	797,906	773,244	734,452	622,751	560,802	515,897	440,338	341,126
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	240,005	-	-	-	873,448
Difference between expected and actual experience	772,113	365,317	(16,449)	(344,870)	511,093	205,087	12,913	139,457	(17,410)
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	(119,987)	-	-	-	(46,438)	309,808	-
Benefit Payments	(425,366)	(370,135)	(295,523)	(259,849)	(241,731)	(390,372)	(208,873)	(151,552)	(160,817)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,757,497	1,230,483	761,346	555,298	1,541,807	777,817	662,918	1,092,411	1,338,026
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	12,596,087	11,365,604	10,604,258	10,048,960	8,507,153	7,729,336	7,066,418	5,974,007	4,635,981
Total Pension Liability, Ending	\$ 14,353,584	\$ 12,596,087	\$ 11,365,604	\$ 10,604,258	\$ 10,048,960	\$ 8,507,153	\$ 7,729,336	\$ 7,066,418	\$ 5,974,007
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,074,832	\$ 876,412	\$ 742,549	\$ 725,511	\$ 580,248	\$ 442,199	\$ 421,098	\$ 378,325	\$ 348,612
Contributions - employee	-	-	26	-	124,450	185,356	187,765	179,855	180,245
Net Investment Income	377,700	11,795	2,147,426	94,547	398,106	632,274	500,611	18,844	74,200
Benefit Payments	(425,366)	(370,135)	(295,523)	(259,849)	(241,731)	(390,372)	(208,873)	(151,552)	(160,817)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(33,499)	(22,657)	(17,576)	(22,194)	(19,331)	(12,809)	(12,308)	(11,867)	(12,770)
Other (Net Transfer)	28,417	(58,889)	25,104	20,943	4,070	221,637	(66,888)	(74,047)	(25,775)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,022,084	436,526	2,602,006	558,958	845,812	1,078,285	821,405	339,558	403,695
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	10,347,381	9,910,855	7,308,849	6,749,891	5,904,079	4,825,794	4,004,389	3,664,831	3,261,136
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending	11,369,465	10,347,381	9,910,855	7,308,849	6,749,891	5,904,079	4,825,794	4,004,389	3,664,831
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,984,119	\$ 2,248,706	\$ 1,454,749	\$ 3,295,409	\$ 3,299,069	\$ 2,603,074	\$ 2,903,542	\$ 3,062,029	\$ 2,309,176
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total pension liability	79.21%	82.15%	87.20%	68.92%	67.17%	69.40%	62.43%	56.67%	61.35%
Covered payroll	\$ 7,825,446	\$ 6,107,681	\$ 5,274,968	\$ 5,274,968	\$ 5,334,667	\$ 4,568,579	\$ 4,718,669	\$ 4,326,663	\$ 4,011,930
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	38.13%	36.82%	62.47%	62.47%	61.84%	56.98%	61.53%	70.77%	57.56%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Contributions

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS)										
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,137,104	\$ 982,685	\$ 752,329	\$ 768,674	\$ 703,488	\$ 467,478	\$ 454,354	\$ 399,756	\$ 367,770	\$ 289,486
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	1,137,104	982,685	752,329	767,679	703,487	467,478	440,229	385,535	367,771	289,486
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 995	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 14,125	\$ 14,221	\$ (1)	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 8,618,846	\$ 7,221,381	\$ 5,574,781	\$ 5,576,497	\$ 5,255,119	\$ 4,865,670	\$ 4,650,980	\$ 4,553,397	\$ 4,394,159	\$ 4,414,900
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.19%	13.61%	13.50%	13.77%	13.39%	9.61%	9.47%	8.47%	8.37%	6.56%

Notes to the Schedule of Contributions

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Valuation Date: February 28, 2023

Notes: The roll-forward of total pension liability from February 28, 2023, to June 30, 2023, reflects expected service cost and interest reduced by actual benefit payments.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal and Modified Terminal Funding

Amortization Method: A level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the greater of, (i) the remaining initial amortization period, or (ii) 15 years.

Remaining Amortization Period: Multiple bases from 10 to 24 years

Asset Valuation Method: 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Inflation: 2.75% wage inflation; 2.25% price inflation

Salary Increases: 2.75% to 6.75% including inflation for the General Division

2.75% to 6.55% including inflation for the Police Division

2.75% to 7.15% for the Fire Division

Investment Rate of Return: 7.00%, net of investment and administrative expenses

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality: The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables were 75% of the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of General groups and 75% of the PubS-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of Police, Fire, and Public Safety groups.

Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

Other Information: None

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Revenues	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Taxes				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 957,759	\$ 1,074,181	\$ 1,373,108	\$ 298,927
Railroad and utility taxes	25,000	25,000	26,421	1,421
City sales tax	8,236,690	8,088,157	8,104,864	16,707
Franchise tax	810,000	810,000	1,008,391	198,391
Financial institution tax	5,800	5,800	3,922	(1,878)
Surtax	60,000	60,000	65,366	5,366
Payment in lieu of tax	1,900	1,900	1,922	22
	10,097,149	10,065,038	10,583,994	518,956
Licenses and Permits				
Occupational licenses	100,000	100,000	106,488	6,488
Permits	320,000	320,000	484,471	164,471
	420,000	420,000	590,959	170,959
Intergovernmental Revenues				
Federal and state grants	15,445	15,445	34,469	19,024
Charges for Services				
Sanitation	22,700	22,700	67,440	44,740
Fines and Forfeitures				
City court fines	238,450	238,450	366,956	128,506
Miscellaneous				
Interest	43,022	261,280	285,421	24,141
Donations	500	500	7,395	6,895
Other	44,000	58,650	31,714	(26,936)
	87,522	320,430	324,530	4,100
Total Revenues	10,881,266	11,082,063	11,968,348	886,285

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures				
Current Administrative	3,603,192	2 502 201	2,027,633	1 474 659
Information technology	3,003,192	3,502,291	2,027,633 786,429	1,474,658 (786,429)
Human resources	-	-	366,626	(366,626)
Municipal court	- 217,969	- 218,714	205,016	13,698
Economic development	1,013,154	995,744	768,409	227,335
Police	3,314,841	3,155,856	3,069,069	86,787
Fire	3,002,734	2,579,612	2,039,601	540,011
Animal control	275,988	263,061	284,608	(21,547)
Capital outlay	88,100	253,100	658,246	(405,146)
Debt service	-	233,100	172,803	(172,803)
Total Expenditures	11,515,978	10,968,378	10,378,440	589,938
Total Experialitates	11,313,370	10,500,570	10,370,110	303,330
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	(634,712)	113,685	1,589,908	1,476,223
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurance recoveries	-	-	194,643	194,643
Sale of assets	-	-	29,330	29,330
Operating transfers in	6,297,100	6,297,100	5,726,293	(570,807)
Operating transfers (out)	(5,210,275)	(5,210,275)	(5,498,245)	(287,970)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,086,825	1,086,825	452,021	(634,804)
Net Change in Fund Balance	452,113	1,200,510	2,041,929	841,419
Fund Balance, January 1	9,636,920	9,636,920	9,636,920	-
Equity Transfer	-	-	194,024	194,024
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 10,089,033	\$ 10,837,430	\$ 11,872,873	\$ 1,035,443

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Street Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 139,500	\$ 164,963	\$ 210,900	\$ 45,937
Street sales taxes	2,157,768	2,100,258	2,098,328	(1,930)
Motor vehicle taxes	658,000	924,414	956,989	32,575
Railroad and utility	4,000	4,000	4,068	68
Surtax	9,300 2,968,568	9,300	<u>10,063</u> 3,280,348	763
Permits	2,908,308	3,202,933	3,200,340	77,413
Street cuts	10,000	10,000	-	(10,000)
Street signs	5,000	5,000	=	(5,000)
Right of way permits	13,000	13,000	5,067	(7,933)
	28,000	28,000	5,067	(22,933)
Intergovernmental Revenues				
Grants	-	-	809,447	809,447
County reimbursements	150,000	1,435,000	170,115	(1,264,885)
	150,000	1,435,000	979,562	(455,438)
Miscellaneous				
Interest	2,000	112,630	128,485	15,855
Other	35,000	56,926	314,664	257,738
	37,000	169,556	443,149	273,593
Total Revenues	3,183,568	4,835,491	4,708,126	(127,365)
Expenditures				
Current				
Street	2,405,704	2,356,573	2,646,096	(289,523)
Capital outlay	1,437,195	3,157,000	2,565,506	591,494
Debt Service				
Principal and interest	578,844	578,844	616,246	(37,402)
Total Expenditures	4,421,743	6,092,417	5,827,848	264,569
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,238,175)	(1,256,926)	(1,119,722)	137,204
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	-	-	2,012,957	2,012,957
Operating transfers (out)	(216,875)	(216,875)	(190,178)	26,697
Proceeds from new debt issuances			2,007,533	(2,007,533)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(216,875)	(216,875)	3,830,312	32,121
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,455,050)	(1,473,801)	2,710,590	169,325
Fund Balance, January 1	2,851,197	2,851,197	2,851,197	-
Equity Transfer	-	-	562,972	562,972
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 1,396,147	\$ 1,377,396	\$ 6,124,759	\$ 732,297

See accompanying Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Park and Recreation Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 277,500	\$ 288,764	\$ 369,157	\$ 80,393
Sales taxes	3,192,768	3,184,567	3,183,335	(1,232)
Railroad and utility	6,750	6,750	7,121	371
Surtax	16,500	16,500	17,618	1,118
	3,493,518	3,496,581	3,577,231	80,650
Charges for Services	252 522	222 -22	222 - 22	
Rental income	268,600	239,700	290,580	50,880
Adult and youth programs	284,350	297,350	307,820	10,470
Swim lessons	28,000	28,000	16,506	(11,494)
Special events	131,500	131,500	123,026	(8,474)
Concession	175,000	175,000	201,814	26,814
Admissions	407,500 1,294,950	407,500	1,383,948	36,702
Miscellaneous	1,294,950	1,279,050	1,383,948	104,898
	8,500	201 224	224 420	22 104
Interest Other	•	201,234	234,428	33,194
Other	21,500	21,500	17,908	(3,592)
Total Revenues	<u>30,000</u> 4,818,468	4,998,365	<u>252,336</u> 5,213,515	29,602 215,150
	4,616,406	4,336,303	3,213,313	213,130
Expenditures				
Current				
Parks and recreation	3,809,660	4,080,272	2,990,834	1,089,438
Capital outlay	212,000	6,359,872	5,557,879	801,993
Debt Service				(00 (070)
Principal and interest	505,300	505,300	1,430,259	(924,959)
Total Expenditures	4,526,960	10,945,444	9,978,972	966,472
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	291,508	(5,947,079)	(4,765,457)	1,181,622
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Bond Proceeds	-	9,920,000	9,920,000	-
Operating transfer in	210,375	210,375	772,701	562,326
Operating transfer (out)	(501,720)	(501,720)	(397,561)	104,159
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(291,345)	9,628,655	10,295,140	666,485
Net Change in Fund Balance	163	3,681,576	5,529,683	1,848,107
Fund Balance, January 1	1,025,801	1,025,801	1,025,801	-
Equity Transfer	-	-	216,978	216,978
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 1,025,964	\$ 4,707,377	\$ 6,772,462	\$ 2,065,085

See accompanying Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to January, Administration submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditure plans for all fund types and the proposed means of financing them.
- 2. One public hearing is conducted by the City Council in late November or early December to obtain taxpayers' comments on the proposed budget and tax levy.
- 3. Prior to January 1, ordinances are passed by the Council, which provide for legally adopted budgets for all funds of the City.
- 4. The City operates on a program performance budget system, with legally adopted budgets prepared by fund, program and department. The level of budgetary control is at the department level. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of City Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the City.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts may be amended during the year by the City Council on approved budget adjustment forms.

Supplementary Information

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds										
	 Capital							-			
	Sto	ormwater		Fire	lm	provement		Major			
	lmp	provement	9	Sales Tax	S	ales Tax		Grant	Capital Project	Debt Service	
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	567,903	\$	657,000	\$	98,724	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,323,627
Sales taxes receivable		-		88,302		176,605		-			264,907
Total Assets	\$	567,903	\$	745,302	\$	275,329	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,588,534
Liabilities and Fund Balance											
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Fund Balances											
Assigned to											
Stormwater		567,903		-		-		-	-	-	567,903
Fire		-		745,302		-		-	-	-	745,302
Capital improvements		_		-		275,329		-			275,329
Total Fund Balances		567,903		745,302		275,329		-			1,588,534
Total Liabilities and Fund											
Balances	\$	567,903	\$	745,302	\$	275,329	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,588,534

City of Republic

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Stormwater Improvemen Fund		Fire Sales Tax Fund	Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund	Major Grant Fund	Capital Project Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Taxes	Y	- \$,	\$ 1,049,164	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,573,697
Miscellaneous	17,442		19,209	20,290				56,941
Total Revenues	17,442	<u>)</u>	543,742	1,069,454	-	-	-	1,630,638
Expenditures								
Current Fire			527,850					527,850
Stormwater	56,272	-	327,630	-	-	-	-	56,272
Capital outlay	30,272	-	_	85,596	_	_	_	85,596
Debt Service				03,330				03,330
Principal and interest		_	88,256	-	_	-	-	88,256
Total Expenditures	56,272	<u> </u>	616,106	85,596	_			757,974
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures	(38,830))	(72,364)	983,858	-	-	-	872,664
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating transfers (out)				(1,447,285)				(1,447,285)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(38,830))	(72,364)	(463,427)	-	-	-	(574,621)
Fund Balance, January 1	606,733	3	817,666	738,756	2,019,212	441,877	121,095	4,745,339
Equity Transfer		-	-	-	(2,019,212)	(441,877)	(121,095)	(2,582,184)
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 567,903	\$	745,302	\$ 275,329	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,588,534





Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Republic Republic, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Republic, Missouri, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Republic, Missouri's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon, dated May 14, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Republic, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis of designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Republic, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe that a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Republic, Missouri's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPM CPAs, PC

Springfield, Missouri

KPM CPAS, PC

May 14, 2024



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Republic Republic, Missouri

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Republic, Missouri's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Republic, Missouri's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. The City of Republic, Missouri's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditors' Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the City of Republic, Missouri, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City of Republic, Missouri, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City of Republic, Missouri's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City of Republic, Missouri's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City of Republic, Missouri's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City of Republic, Missouri's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we

consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPM CPAs, PC

Springfield, Missouri

KPM CPAS, PC

May 14, 2024

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Pass-through to Subrecipients		Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Transportation						
Missouri Department of Transportation						
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STBG-6900(813)	\$	-	\$	424,807
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	24-154-AL-063		-		369
Highway Safety Cluster						
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	23-PT-02-097		-		3,349
		24-PT-02-059		-		869
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	23-M5HVE-03-038		-		2,299
Total Highway Safety Cluster				-		6,517
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				-		431,693
U.S. Department of Treasury						
Direct						
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal						
Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A		_		35,983
Missouri Office of Administration						
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal						
Recovery Funds	21.027	E5B3F40BFA16		_	1	4,815,659
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				_	1	4,851,642
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	-	\$ 1	5,283,335

N/A - Not Applicable

Noted to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City of City of Republic, Missouri, under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Republic, Missouri, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Republic, Missouri.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

The City of Republic, Missouri, has elected not to use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Included in the Schedule for the year ended December 31, 2023, is \$5,204,090 of federal expenditures under the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds, ALN 21.027, pass-through grantor number E5B3F40BFA16, that were paid in a previous fiscal year. The expenditures were identified and approved in the current fiscal year as federal expenditures and have been reported in the current fiscal year Schedule in accordance with reporting requirements.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Section I: Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements					
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:			Unmodified		
Internal Control over Financial Reporting:					
Material weakness(es) identified?			No		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		No			
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major federal programs:					
Material weakness(es) identified?			No		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			None Reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal program	m:		Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2CFR 200.516(a)?			No		
Identification of major federal programs:					
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of I	f Federal Program or Cluster			
21.027 CC		– Coronavirus State and Local iscal Recovery Funds			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:			\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			No		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Financial Statement Finding

2022-001 Segregation of duties

Auditor's Recommendation: We realize that because of limited resources and personnel, management may not be able to achieve a proper segregation of duties; however, our professional standards require that we bring this lack of segregation of duties to your attention in this report.

Status: Uncorrected